THE DAILY COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING,

PER SQUARE OF TWELVE LINES OR LESS.

One insertion	$ 50	One month	$ 4,50
Two insertions	75	Two months	6,00
Three insertions	1 00	Three months	7,00
One week	1,50	Four months	8,00
Two weeks	2,50	Six months	10,00
Three weeks	3,50	One year	15,00

YEARLY ADVERTISING,
Changeable at Pleasure.

	ONE SQUARE.	TWO SQUARES.
Six months	$15,00	$20,00
One year	25,00	30,00

Larger advertisements in proportion. The above *rates of yearly advertising are inclusive of a copy of the daily paper*, during the time of advertising by the year. All advertisements unconnected with the regular business of the advertiser to be an extra charge, and paid for accordingly.

Firemen's, Religious, Charitable and Literary notices *one half* the above rates.

☞ *Business Cards*, of four lines or less, *six dollars a year*; Card and Paper, *ten dollars*.

WEEKLY OR TRI-WEEKLY IN DAILY PAPERS.

One square, 3 insertions	$1,50
" " each additional insertion	37

BUSINESS CARDS.

Five lines or less, one year	6,00
" " six months	5,00
" " one year, daily and weekly	10,00
" " six months " "	8,00

ADVERTISEMENTS IN WEEKLY PAPERS.

For 20 lines or less, One insertion	$0,50
" " " Two, "	0,75
" " " Three, "	1,00
" " " Three months	3,50
" " " Six "	6,00
" " " Twelve "	10,00

☞ All advertisements to be charged by the square, and a discount of 25 per cent to be given where the amount of advertising exceeds $50 per year.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Five lines or less, one year $6.00

Daily Commercial Journal.

The Lament of the Statues.

Previously to the determination of the Royal Commissioners to erect statues to the poets in the new Houses of Parliament, they might as well have consulted the feelings of those personages on the subject, which we suspect would, with a slight difference of expression, be much like those embodied in the following lines. These, we have had the impudence to put into the mouths of the poets, and to imagine each speech inscribed, respectively, on the pedestals of their statues:

CHAUCER.

Good sirs, I marvel what we here maken,
Grete folks, certes, be sometimes mistaken;
We standen in this stound by much errour,
No poet was in Parliament before!
We are fyth out of water, verily,
I do not breathe well th a air, perdy,
In the Abbaye we werne well enoughe:
To put us here in Parlement is stuffe.

SPENSER.

Truth, brother Chaucer, I am of thy minde,
In Parliament I do not feel at home,
Where prating dulness talks his hearer blinde,
And dry debate doth vainly froth and foam;
Folly, not Fancy, from this theme doth roam,
And greedy patriots rave for pence and place,
Foe's are fashioned from neither loom
Than heavy mart of Statesmen's crawling race,
And to be here, in faith, me seemeth dire disgrace.

SHAKSPEARE.

Grave Grandsire Chaucer, and good Father Spenser,
The judgment your sweet worships have pronounced
On the hard mandate, and right stern decree,
Which much misplacing us, hath placed us here,
Doth jump with my opinion. Here to bide
Beneath the pelting of the pitiless Broughan,
To suffer Roebuck's petulence; t' endure
The jokeless wit of Sibthorp, and to brook
The specious eloquence of glozing Peel
To any soul alive were Purgatory,—
But to a Poet's 'tis a worser doom.
Oh that this monument were o'er my tomb!

MILTON.

My sentence is for walking off, oh Bards!
Though we be marble. Doth no story old
Record how statues, erst, have breathed and walked,
Instinct with life and motion? Why not Pygmalion's idol, and the wife of Cloy,
Pandora, she by cunning Vulcan wrought
For bold Prometheus? Or, in modern days,
The marble man that unto supper came
To Seville's famous but immoral Don.
High Giovanni? Could I here remain,
Heavy debate to list with tortured ear,
My Cromwell's absence would determine mine.
Haste, then, and from your pedestals descend,
To stalk abroad with me through London streets
Dark'ning with dire alarm the heart of town.

DRYDEN

All British Art Commissions Royal sway.
And when they order, sculptors must obey,
This poets find, whose effigies like ours,
Are called to Parliament by princely powers,
Hard is our fate, thus destined to remain
Where Noise and Nonsense hold divided reign,
Amid contending politicians' strife—
Who ne'er were represented in our life.
Oh that the turgid bombast of my strains!
Was it for this, unlucky bard, I sung?
Blackmore and Shadwell, after ages past,
Rejoice; your injured ghosts are now avenged at last.

POPE.

Curst, for ancestral sins, with parts and wit,
The Muse inspired me, and, alas! I writ;
Oh! had it been my happy fate to creep
With thee, good Thomas, and there might sleep;
But immortality no slumber knows,
And deathless bards can never taste repose,
E'en though Joe Hume invoke the drowsy god,
And Sibthorpe bid five hundred heads to nod;
Though Plumpton bull the House's profound,
And Spooner scatter all his poppies round;
And Palmerston compel the frequent wink,
Our ears in vain their opiate words will drink.
Oh! brother Bards, whose lot is more serene,
To mix with statesmen and to herd with kings,
Blend, sole relief! your marble tears with mine,
Would that we ne'er had penn'd a single line!

Punch.

Thrift, or nothing is useless.

John Schmid was an old soldier with a wooden leg; he was so poor that for some years he was obliged to solicit alms from door to door in the village near to that in which he lived, which was situated on the lake of Constance. Now, however, old John Schmid sits at ease in his arm chair, he is in independent circumstances, yet few people guess how he came by his wealth. One affirms that he discovered a secret treasure; others have gone so far as to hint that he made a compact with the Evil one. When such hints are dropped in my presence, I fail not to reprove the speakers; I know better the means by which the old soldier got rich and I will tell you how it was.

John Schmid had three sons, whom he had brought up well in spite of his poverty; for he not only furnished them with good advice, but with good example, and suffered many privations that he might send them to school. One morning in spring, as the old man was dividing amongst them the bread which was to break their fast, he said, "My children, you are now old enough to gain your own livelihood, but you must not beg while there are other means of obtaining it—that would be taking bread out of the mouths of those who want it more than you. Pierre, he continued turning to the eldest, "you are fourteen years old, and having sharp eyes—use them and seek employment. You, Gabriel, though a year younger, have strong arms—set them to work. You, George, though only eleven have stout legs, profit by them.

"But what," exclaimed the boys at once, 'would you have us to do!"

John Schmid answered, "I know that you have neither land to cultivate, wood to fell, nor flocks to tend; but there are many things that are thrown away as useless, but which with little industry may be collected and made profitable. By and by I will show you how. Do not spend the money which you will earn in obedience to your wants, but economise it for the necessities of the future, be it ever so little. Could you save only a batz a day, each would amass at the end of the year twenty-four florins."

Upon this John Schmid set about showing his sons how they might earn their bread. He desired them to go in different directions, to collect the following articles; first, bones; the largest of which they could sell to the turners, who made them into various useful and ornamental articles, while the smaller were required by farmers for manure. Secondly, broken pieces of glass, to be disposed of to the glass workers for re-casting.—As it was spring, he charged them to get together all these leaves and elder blossoms which which fell in their way, and for which apothecaries give good prices. Upholsters would purchase cow's hair, saddlers, coach-makers and chair makers, horse hair. Besides these articles, he mentioned rags for paper makers, bristles for brush-makers, quills, pines, hedge-wood, bird-weed, and several other things which might be turned into money, with no other trouble than that of seeking out and collecting them.

The sons did as they were desired, under the guidance of their father. During the spring and summer, they collected and sold with success, and their profits daily augmented. When autumn came, they sought things of a different kind.—Whenever they could obtain permission they gathered wild fruits, some of which could be made into vinegar and other useful articles. From the woods they obtained acorns and the seeds of other species of trees; for which they obtained a good price, sometimes from foresters, at others from grain dealers. They also got heaps of horse chestnuts and took them to the mill to be ground. The miller thought they were going to use this bitter flour, and made himself merry at the expense of their curious taste; but John Schmid's sons let him laugh, and took their horse chestnut flour to the cook-binders, card-board makers, and others who make use of paste, the glutinousness of which it increases. Immediately after a warm shower, the young Schmids sought for mushrooms, which they disposed of to the epicures of the neighborhood. Having saved a quantity of birch twigs, rushes and osiers, the old man and his sons occupied the winter months in making brooms, chair bottoms, and baskets, so that their cottage appeared both like a cottage and a workshop. In this way the spring returned, and old John Schmid thought it advisable to see what had been gained during the year. On opening the box in which the cash was deposited, he found that each of his three sons had contributed more than a batz a day of savings, for the box contained 104 florins and 33 kruitzers. At the sight of the board the sons were delighted, for they had never before seen so large a sum at once. John Schmid immediately carried the money to a tradesman in a large town, and deposited it with him at interest.

John Schmid, now no longer a beggar, employed himself solely in helping his sons to sell off the merchandize they collected. This went on for four years, at the end of which the family had amassed 615 florins! As, however, their riches increased, the young men grew independent in their manners; and disputed among themselves; one accusing the other of not working hard enough, of selling too cheaply, or of extravagance in treating himself to a cup of wine rather too often. Poor old Schmid!—do all he could, he was unable on some occasions to settle these discussions. Nothing seemed likely to cure the evil but separation; and addressing his sons, he said, 'Take each of you one hundred florins and seek your fortunes in the world; industry and economy always prosper.—The rest of the capital shall remain the hands of the banker in case any unforeseen misfortune should fall on any of us so as to need it. But while it remains untouched, the interest will be added to the principal.' To this the young men agreed; and taking each his appointed sum, bade adieu to their father. They took their departure, each in a different direction. Pierre went eastward, Gabriel westward, and George towards the South. John Schmid grieved to part with his children; but he knew it was for their good, and bore his regrets in silence.

Years rolled. John Schmid grew old and weak; but he would not touch a kruitzer of his children's capital. At length he fell ill; and some of his neighbors, pitying his lonely state, sent him relief; others declared that they had poor enough of their own to support, and though he had lived in their village twenty-one years, threatened to send away as a stranger. Upon this old John wrote to the merchant who held the money, saying, 'Send me 300 florins of the capital I deposited in your hands; for I am aged and weak, and for fourteen years I have not heard from my children. Doubtless they are dead. It will not be long ere I follow them to the grave.'

The honest merchant promptly replied to the old man's demand. 'I return you,' he wrote, 'the sum you ask. The balance remaining is perhaps greater than you imagine. It has increased, little by little, to more than 1000 florins.'

When the money arrived the peasants started up with wonder, and declared that John Schmid must be a conjuror. But the old man himself, in spite of his riches, was unhappy. He wished to join his sons, whom he thought to be no more. He would often exclaim, "I shall die in solitude, no son is left to close my eyes." However he recovered from his illness, and it was destined that he should not die alone.

One Sunday evening he was seated with other peasants under a linden tree, when a servant on horseback rode up and inquired if any one could direct him to the cottage of John Schmid. The villagers full of astonishment, replied, "You need not seek him in his house, for he is here." As they stared and whispered inquiries to one another as to what was to come next, two handsome carriages entered the village, and stopped before old Schmid's door. Three well dressed gentlemen and two ladies descended from the coaches, and as old John made his appearance threw themselves successively into his arms. "My dear father," said the eldest, "can it be possible that you have forgotten us? I am Pierre. I have become a wholesale grocer at Varsovie, in Poland, and this lady is my wife." Then the second spoke: "I am your son Gabriel, and also bring you a daughter-in-law. I too, reside at Varsovie, and deal in corn."

Presently the third son came forward: "I," he said, "am George. I have recently returned from India, where I made fortune by commerce.—Seeing by the Gazettes that my brothers were in Poland, I joined them, and we all agreed to travel hither and seek you and make you happy for the rest of your life." Poor John Schmid was quite overcome, and shed tears. He invoked blessings on his children. "To you," exclaimed one of them, "we owe all of our good.—What you now possess, though considerable, is useless—had you not made us industrious, persevering, and economical, we should still be mendicants."

The rest part of John Schmid's life was spent in happiness; for one or the other of his sons always remained with him. The money, which had accumulated during their long absence was drawn from the merchant in whose hands it had so much increased, and employed in building a school for the gratuitous education of poor children.

To those who, like me, were aware of the means by which the Schmid's grew rich, their rise in the world is known to be the certain result of integrity, industry and perseverance in turning to account things generally considered useless. Spite, however, of all I can urge, one or two of the more prejudiced villagers shrug their shoulders, when John Schmid's name is mentioned, and insinuate that he must have made a compact with a certain nameless person.

CONSUMPTION!—*Thompson's* Compound Syrup, tar and wood naptha, for the cure of pulmonary consumption, asthma, bronchitis, spitting blood, pain in the side and breast, sore throat, hoarseness, palpitation of the heart, whooping cough, croup, hives, nervous tremors, liver complaint and diseased kidneys, are radically cured by Thompson's compound syrup of tar and wood naptha.

CONSUMPTIVES, READ AND REFLECT.—Let the following speak for itself:

The Portland (Me.) Advertiser says: "This remedy has been more successful than any medicine we have ever known, for its numerous cures of consumption, spitting of blood, pain in the side and breast, bronchitis, asthma, obstinate coughs, hoarseness, sore throat, palpitation of the heart, whooping cough, croup, nervous tremors, &c. Individuals of the highest respectability in this city, bear ample testimony to its power and efficacy in this class of diseases.

This invaluable medicine is prepared only by S. F. THOMPSON, north-east corner of Fifth and Spruce sts., Philadelphia, to whom all orders and communications must be addressed. Price, 50 cents per bottle; or, six bottles for $2,50.

For sale at the Bookstore of McDOWELL & Co., Ag'ts, Federal street, Allegheny City. dec 22-3m

Foreign Wines, Brandies and Gin.

4 half pipes Old Cognac Brandy,		"Martel.
2 " " " "		"Pinet, Castillon & Co"
2 qr casks fine old "	"	"Godard & Co."
2 " " " "	"	"Otard Dupuy & Co."
2 " " Bordeaux	"	"J. J. Dupuy & Co."
2 pipes "	"	"
2 qr casks fine pale cognac	"	"Maglory."
2 " " Rochelle	"	"A. Srignette."
2 pipes Holland Gin, Fish brand.		
1 puncheon old Irish whiskey, fifth proof, on draught.		
1 puncheon Jamaica spirits, on draught.		
10 hhds Oporto Wine of various grades.		
5 qr casks supr L. P. Maderia Wine.		

Together with a general assortment of all the different kinds of Wines and Liquors, for sale by cask, barrel and demijohn by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 22-ly No. 170 Liberty street.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale, a property, situated on the south bank of the Monongahela river, 1½ miles above Birmingham, containing about 100 acres, more or less. This property is one of the most desirable situations in this vicinity for manufacturing purposes, and for a comfortable residence, having all the advantages of both water and road communication with the city of Pittsburgh. There are about three acres of coal on the land; and adjoining this tract there is an inexhaustable body of coal land, the product of which must inevitably pass through this property to market. Those inclined to make an advantageous investment, will find it well worthy of their early attention. This property will be sold in one or more divisions to suit purchasers.

Applications can be made to one of the owners, James Lonergan, of this city, or to the subscriber, who is duly authorized to dispose of the same. The terms will be made easy. JAMES FENLON.
Pittsburgh, Dec 22-3t

Bruce's New York Type Foundry,
No. 13, Chamber street, between Centre and Chatham streets.

THE following are the prices for approved notes at six months, from which a liberal discount will be made for cash:

Pica	32c.	Minion	54c.
Small Pica	34	Nonpareil	66
Long Primer	37	Agate	86
Bourgeois	40	Pearl	$1,20
Brevier	46		

Wood Type, Printing Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rule, Composing Sticks, Chases, and other Printing Materials, furnished with promptitude, and at the lowest prices.
GEORGE BRUCE & CO.

☞ The type on which this paper is printed, is from the above Foundry.

Johnston & Stockton are the Pittsburgh Agents of Bruce & Co. dec 20-1m

A New Publication.
OBSERVATIONS ON THE CURABILITZ OF

CONSUMPTION, by a new, safe and painless mode of treatment, illustrated in selections from a volume of one hundred and fifty cases, by
W. HALL, A. M., M. D.

Published at the Journal office, Pittsburgh, September 1st, 1845, containing the nature, causes and symptoms of the disease, with the causes, symptoms, alleviation and prevention of bronchitis and clergyman's sore throat. Cheap mail edition, 30 cents; sold also by Robinson & Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dr. Hall's office is in Vine street, between 3d and 4th, Cincinnati, from June to October, both included; and 127 Canal street, New Orleans, the balance of the year.

No un-postpaid orders are attended to. 35 per cent discount to those who purchase to sell again.

Any Ohio papers, not in Cincinnati, copying the above advertisement two or three times, included once in their daily, if published, and sending a copy of their paper with the advertisement scored, to the address of Dr. Hall, 63, H. Cincinnati, Ohio, will have one dollar returned to them by mail, and free of charge; the same also to other offices which this paper is sent with the advertisement scored, with the Cincinnati Post Office mail mark. sep 5-ly&w

Drugs, Medicines and Perfumery.

J. M. TOWNSEND, No. 45 Market, three doors above Third street, has just opened, and will have constantly on hand, a large assortment of the best and freshest Medicines, selected for family use. Also, a stock of Perfumery, Brushes, &c.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded at any hour of the day or night. dec 20-ly

QUACKS, BEWARE!—*Anatomical Surgical Operations.* The undersigned, professor of the Tonsorial Art, will, during the ensuing winter, discharge the enormous duties incident to the diversified operations connected with the *Craniology and Physiognomy* of subjects requiring his attention.

The very no plus ultra of surgical instruments, will be employed in his laboratory, and furnished to young practitioners who may indulge in the pleasures of experiments.

The Hydropathic department will be free of ice, even should the Mahommedans be below Cassar, and a very general supply of French Perfumery in anticipation of a reduction of the Tariff will be kept on hand.

To his friends and former patrons, he tenders salutations of health, with a hope that they will favor him with their patronage, at his new stand, which is now situated on Third street, between Wood and Market, opposite the Phœnix Livery Stable. [dec 12-1w] JOHN CURTIS.

POETRY.—The Poems of Southey, Shakespeare, Scott, Burns, Ossian, Crabbe, Heber and Pollock, Howitt Milman and Keats, Rogers, Campbell, Lamb, Montgomery Kirke, White, Collins, Gray, Beattie, Milton, Longfellow, Byron, Goldsmith, Cowper, Hemans, Landon, Sigourney, Elizr Cook, Barton, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Willis, Butler Smith.

Griswold's Poets and Poetry of England	
Longfellow's " "	Europe.
Frost's British Poets.	
Halleck's " "	
Croley's " "	

Festus, by P. J. Bailey. For sale by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER,
dec 10-ly No. 43 Market st.

IN the District Court, for the county of Allegheny, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at April Term, 1845 No. 79.

Wylie, | William Hazlett
vs
Jonathan H. Dorsey, and Samuel Miles Green, under the firm of J.H.Dorsey, & Co } Venditioni Exponas 79th, April T. 1845.

L.S.

And now to wit, Dec. 6, 1845, on motion of Mr. Wylie, the Court appointed Reade Washington, Esq., Auditor, to distribute the proceeds of sale under writ. From the record. GEO. S. RIDDLE, Pro'th'y.

Notice is hereby given, that the Auditor will proceed to discharge the duties of his appointment at the office of Mason & Washington, on the South side of Wylie street, one door from the corner of 5th and Wylie sts, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Wednesday the 14th day of January, A. D., 1846, at 3 o'clock P. M. READE WASHINGTON.
dec 15-d1w3 Auditor.

THE AMERICAN SHEPHERD.—Being a history of the Sheep, with their breeds, management and diseases; illustrated with portraits of different breeds, sheep barns, sheds, &c., with an Appendix, embracing upwards of twenty letters from eminent Wool-growers and Sheep-fatteners of different States, detailing their respective modes of management, by L. A. Morrell. For sale by
dec 16-ly JOHNSTON & STOCKTON, 44 Market st.

JEWELRY.—A large and well selected assortment of Jewelry, consisting of Gold Watch Chains, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Breast Pin, Finger Rings of all kinds, Ear Rings, Gold Guard and Fob Keys, Bracelets, Silver Thimbles, &c., together with a variety of articles usually kept in a Jewelry Store, just received and for sale by
D. SANDS,
dec 20-3t No. 7 Fifth st., near Market.

From the Pittsburgh Daily Sun.

IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP.—This Syrup, made in this city by R. E. Sellers, has acquired an excellent character, and is now extensively used in this city with success. The well known character of the manufacturer, is a sufficient guarantee that the Syrup contains no deleterious substance, and its success is the best reason why it should be patronized. dec 2-1y

Dry Goods.

BROADCLOTHS.—W. R. Murphy invites special attention to his stock of black, blue-black and invisible green cloths, being careful to select these Goods of the best make, and to sell them low. dec 22

IRISH LINENS and Shirting Muslins, of dressed and undressed finish, and superior make; these Goods, at low prices for quality, always to be found at
dec 22 W. R. MURPHY'S.

BALL AND EVENING FANCY DRESS STUFFS.—

6-4 blue barred and striped Swiss Muslin;			
6-4 pink	"	"	"
6-4 lilac	"	"	"
6-4 plain	"	"	"
6-4	"	"	"

At the Cash House of BARROWS & TURNER,
dec 22-ly No. 46 Market st.

Now is the Only Time.

ANOTHER GRAND RUSH for Gold Pencils at Barrows & Turner's. The last lot receiving and selling off to close the stock. Those persons who are not supplied will now meet with the last opportunity, as we do not intend to continue in the trade, therefore, those that we have will be disposed, and no more received.

The assortment is "first rate" made up of the different sizes made, suited to the wants of every person, and in quality, we warrant them equal to any in use.

Buyers at wholesale may never again meet with the like opportunity—the stock will be disposed of in lots to suit the customers, and at prices less than can be purchased elsewhere.

☞ Call and examine, at No. 46 Market street.
dec 20-ly BARROWS & TURNER.

Shawls, Shawls.

ALEXANDER & DAY, No. 75 Market street, northwest corner of the Diamond, Pittsburgh, have now open an unusually large assortment of SHAWLS, among which may be found

Splendid brocha and cashmere Shawls, all wool; brocha and cashmere square do., very superior French Terkari do., Scotch and English Terkari do., damask, silk and wool Shawls, black and mole embroidered Terkari do., splendid embroidered cloth Shawls, super English and French plain do., plaid woolen shawls 3-4, 4-4, 6-4, 8-4 and 4-4. Upwards of four hundred of the above Shawls have been received from Boston, New York and Philadelphia, within the last month, which enables us to offer the most splendid assortment in the city, and as many of them have been purchased very low at Auction, we are prepared to sell them, wholesale and retail, at a great reduction from the opening prices of the season; the attention of purchasers is invited. [dec 20] ALEXANDER & DAY.

BARGAINS IN CLOTH.—We have at the present the best selected and finest lot of Cloths ever offered on a Pittsburgh counter. The finest and most superb qualities of French, of such makes as are most highly approved of by the trade; super fine black; extra lustre olive; rich dark mulberry; fancy shaded brown; English do.; premium American olive and black; low price Belgias, &c. These Cloths have been bought late: this Fall, we venture to assert, at better bargains than any brought out, and consequently we are enabled, and will sell COATS of any description, made and trimmed in a style unsurpassed by any house in this city, or elsewhere, at lower prices than the same goods can be put together under any circumstances. ALGEO, McGUIRE & CO.,
dec 20-ly No. 251 Liberty st.

100 pieces Gent.'s Silk Handkerchiefs.

BARROWS & TURNER have now in store an extensive and beautiful article of Gentlemen's Silk Handkerchiefs, comprising the different new styles, and most desirable patterns now in use—

Bordered Damask—extra rich;	
Extra Corahs—plain and beautiful:	
Twilled Spitalfield—very large;	
Sandhews of superior quality;	
Bandanna and printed Pongees, in great variety;	
Together with a full supply of	
Gentlemen's rich satin scarfs and Cravats;	
" " fancy and plain silk Cravats;	

All of which are offered at extraordinary low prices at the new cash warehouse of
dec 22-ly BARROWS & TURNER.

46 Clearing out Sale 46

AT THE "DOWN TOWN" CASH HOUSE.—Barrows & Turner are now closing off at greatly reduced prices, their remaining stock of
Ladies' Dress Goods;
Colored Reps and twilled Cashmeres;
Rich styles Mous de Laines;
Alpaccas, blue, black, and other colors, at decided bargains;
Roumelias, Lunettas, &c.;
Cases new style Prints, beautiful patterns;
With several variety and seasonable goods at No. 46, Market street. dec 22-ly

B. E. Constable,

83 MARKET STREET, has this day received from the Eastern market, a large addition of new and desirable Goods, for the wholesale trade, at excessively low prices, to which he respectfully invites the attention of purchasers.

A lot of Ladies' Plaid Cloakings, entirely new;
Cashmere D'Elosse, all wool, best styles, and very cheap;
Another fresh lot of Terkerri, Thibet and French Broche Shawls;
Unshrinkable Flannels, Hemstitch Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Mous de Laines and Cashmeres, from 25 to 50 cents, of the Bayadere and other new styles.
A large assortment of Whitney Blankets, Damask Table Linens, 4-4 Irish Linens, a fresh supply of colored and black Kid Gloves, Ribons half, long white kid and silk mitts, Bayadere, Bareges, Crapes, Swiss Flannels, Plaids, and some beautiful styles of Dress Silks.
dec 2-ly

LATE ARRIVAL, at No. 88, Market street.—The attention of the public is invited to J. CANNON'S large assortment of Fall and Winter Dry Goods at No. 88, Market st., Pitt-burgh, all of which have been bought on the most advantageous terms, in the East, and from the advantage we have in the East we are enabled to sell at a very small advance. My goods are all bought at manufacturer's and importer's prices, and will be sold very low for cash. I do not think it of any great use to enumerate the articles, as it is understood my stock comprises every thing that is kept in a dry good house. You can find prints from 6¼ up, de Laine from 12½ cts. to $1,00, all other articles at the same rates to suit all wants. Call and see for 18 D.
Give us a call at No. 88, and see and judge for yourselves. [oct 25] J. CANNON.

W. R. MURPHY'S wholesale and retail cash Dry Goods house, N. E. corner of 4th and Market sts. Purchasers will always find at this house a large stock of fresh goods, from which to make a selection, fresh additions being made to it every week, and at prices so low that they cannot fail to please. dec 20

D. E. CONSTABLE, No. 83, Market street, Dealer in Silks, Shawls, Hosiery, Flannels, Linens, Laces, black Bombazines, Merinos, Broad Cloths, &c. oct 18-1y

CERTIFICATE—We have examined Doctor Thompson's Uteri Abdominal Supporter, and believe it from its shape, to be well adapted to the relief of Prolapsus Uteri. We moreover state that we consider it a cheap article, and therefore feel no hesitation in recommending it to those who may require the use of such and similar articles.

H. L. BOHNSON, M. D.
Prof. Ostetrical Medicine, in Med. Dept. U. S. College.
R. G. CABLE, M. D.
AUG. T. WARNER, M. D.
Dean of the U. S. College.
THOS. SEWALL, M. D.
JOHN CULLEN, M. D.

A few of the above valuable instruments still on hand, to which the attention of physicians is invited at the Drug Store of H. SMYSER,
nov 23-ly corner of Market and 3d sts.

Miscellaneous.

ADAMANTINE STAR CANDLES—30 boxes assorted Crumpton & Co.'s manufacture, for sale by
dec 20 POINDEXTER & Co.

AXES—36 doz Collins' and other brands, for sale by
dec 20 POINDEXTER & Co.

BEAVER CLOTHS.—Bronze and gold mixed Beaver Cloths, a new and handsome article, lately recived at
dec 12-ly W. R. MURPHY'S.

BROWN DOMESTIC FLANNELS, and twill'd barred do., to be had at the cash dry goods house of
dec 12-ly W. R. MURPHY.

BLACK WORSTED SHIRTS—An excellent article for colliers and laborers in foundries and furnaces, to be had at W. R. MURPHY'S,
dec 12-ly Corner of Market and Fourth sts.

BANCROFT'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES—in 3 vols.—for sale by C. H. KAY,
dec 20-ly corner Wood and 3d sts.

BRASS CLOCKS.—A large assortment of 8 day and 30 hour Brass Clocks, wholesale and retail, by D. SANDS,
dec 20-3t No. 7 Fifth st., near Market.

BUTTER.—12 kegs No. 1 for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

BORDEAUX ALMONDS—600 lbs. soft shelled Almonds, for sale by [dec 20] P. C. MARTIN.

CHURCH & CAROTHERS, *Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants*, Water and Front streets, near the Monongahela Bridge. dec 20-ly

CANDLES.—17 boxes New Bedford Sperm Candles;
15 " Star candles;
10 " Adamantine do.;
in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 20 No. 170 Liberty st.

CASTILE and Palm SOAPS, of several different kinds—for sale by J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 20-ly No. 45 Market st.

CURRANTS.—200 lbs. fresh Burrante, just received and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 19-ly 140 Liberty st.

CREAM NUTS—400 bbls. Cream Nuts, for sale by
dec 20 P. C. MARTIN.

CURRANTS—900 lbs. fresh Zante Currants, on hand and for sale by [dec 20] P. C. MARTIN.

J. C. CRUMPTON, JOS. G. DAVIS, WM. W. CRUMPTON.
CRUMPTON & CO.—Manufacturers of Adamantine Star Candles, (superior to any Wax or Spermaceti) Pittsburgh.

The above article constantly on hand and for sale by
JOS. G. DAVIS,
dec 20 No. 38, Water street.

CAMPHOR.—3 barrels Camphor for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.,
dec 20-ly corner Sixth and Wood sts.

COFFEE.—150 bags green Rio Coffee;
10 " old Laguara "
10 " " Maricaibo "
10 " " Java "
Just received and for sale by
REINHART & JONES,
dec 20-ly 140 Liberty st.

CLIPPED LOGWOOD.—250 bbls. Clipped Logwood for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.,
dec 20-ly corner Sixth and Wood sts.

CASSIMERES AND CASSINETTS, in great variety suited to the season, for sale by
W. B. SHAFFER,
Pittsburgh Clothing Store,
dec 20-ly corner of Wood and Water sts.

COFFEE.—100 bags prime Rio for sale by
JOHN PARKER,
dec 20 No. 5 Commercial Row, Liberty st.

CORN BROOMS.—80 doz. received and for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

CHARCOAL.—25 bbls. (ground sugar tree) suitable for rectifying whiskey, &c., in store and for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.—20 baskets quarts and pints "P. A. Mumm & Co." for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 20 No. 170 Liberty st.

COFFEE.—50 bags prime Rio Coffee in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 20-ly Market street.

CHILLICOTHE SOAP—150 boxes in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 20 No. 170 Liberty st.

COFFEE.—450 Bags handsome green Rio, for sale by
dec 20 POINDEXTER & Co.

CIGARS.—20,000 old Principe Cigars, for sale wholesale and retail by GEO. WILSON,
dec 20-ly Market street.

CHEESE.—Prime old Goshen and Sapsago, for sale by
REINHART & JONES,
dec 19-ly 140 Liberty st.

COAL WANTED.—W. R. Murphy will exchange Dry Goods for lowest cash prices, for a few hundred bushels Coal. dec 2-ly

CASSIMERES.—A fine assortment of Cassimeres just opened and for sale by WM. B. SHAFFER,
nov 19-ly corner of Wood and Water sts.

COMFORTS.—Wanted 500 comforts, for boys and men, from 12½ to 62½c., to be had at
dec 12-ly W. R. MURPHY'S.

CIGARS.—A few thousand very superior Havana Cigars for sale by H. H. KOSE & BURTON,
dec 18 cor Market and 3d sts.

CHEAP RED FLANNELS.—Just opened a lot of very cheap Red Flannels. ALEXANDER & DAY,
dec 17-ly 75 Market street.

CHEESE.—1,400 lbs. Western Reserve Cheese, in store and for sale by J. PARK & CO.,
dec 12-ly At their new store, 112 and 114 Second st.

DRIED APPLES.—800 bushels received and for sale by
dec 20 M. D. & J. PATTON.

DINNEFORD'S improved horse hair Flesh Gloves and Brushes, a new article, for sale by
J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 20-ly No. 45 Market st.

DRESS SCARFS AND CRAVATS for gentlemen.—A few choice pieces of the above goods secured from the importers—light colors, all silk, and very appropriate styles—for sale at ALGEO, McGUIRE & CO.'S
dec 20 Fashionable Head Quarters.

ESSENTIAL OILS.—Oil Peppermint, Origanum, Lemon, Cloves, Almonds, Lavender, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Savin, Succini, Juniper, Rosemary, Spruce, Cinnamon; for sale by B. E. SELLERS,
dec 6-ly No. 67 Wood st.

FRUIT.—3 cases French Prunes, in glass jars;
2 boxes Lemons;
5 " candied Citron;
50 drums Smyrna Figs;
Just received and for sale by A. J. BONNET,
dec 20-ly 162 Liberty st.

FLANNELS AND LINSEYS—An excellent stock of those goods are now open and offered low, wholesale and retail at W. R MURPHY'S.
dec 20

FOR EVENING PARTIES.—A rich lot of light vestings, consisting of plain white and white embroidered Marsellles, salmon color and white cashmeres, embroidered silk, silk and wool do., all of which will be made in style, at short notice, and reasonable rates.
ALGEO, McGUIRE & CO.,
dec 20-ly 251 Liberty st.

FLOWERS—Their morals, language and poetry edited by H. G. Adams. For sale by
JOHNSTON & STOCKTON.
dec 12-ly No. 44, Market street.

FRESH BERMUDA ARROW ROOT, and Whitney's Arrow Root Rusk Powder, for sale by
J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 20-ly No. 45 Market st.

FISH.—20 bbls. Mackerel, Herring, Salmon, &c., in store and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 20-ly 140 Liberty st.

FEATHERS.—1000 lbs. prime Pennsylvania Feathers, in store and for sale by M. D. & J. PATTON.
dec 20

FAMILY GROCERIES.—Of every description, always on hand and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 20-ly 140 Liberty st.

FOR SOUP.—English Peas, Vermicelli and Maccaroni, on hand and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 19-ly 140 Liberty st.

GROUND PEPPER.—25 boxes No. 1 received and for sale by [dec 20] M. D. & J. PATTON.

GOSHEN CHEESE.—1,500 lbs. prime Goshen Cheese on hand and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 20-ly 140 Liberty st.

GOLDSMITH'S ANIMATED NATURE, in 2 vols., complete; for sale by C. H. KAY,
dec 20-ly corner Wood and 3d sts.

GALA PLAIDS—A few pieces of these scarce goods of excellent quality, lately received by
dec 20 W R MURPHY.

HEAVY BEAVER & PILOT CLOTHS.—Just opened, a large lot of heavy Beaver and Pilot Cloths, for overcoats, which we are selling very low.
ALEXANDER & DAY, 75 Market street.
dec 20 north-west corner of the Diamond.

HAVANA SUGAR.—3 cases White Havana Sugar; 5 bags White Brazil Sugar; in store and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 10-ly 140 Liberty st.

HISTORY OF ROMANISM—From the earliest corruptions of Christianity to the present time, by the Rev. John Dowering, A. M.; 1 vol., 8 vo., illustrated. For sale by
ROBT. CARTER,
dec 11-ly 56 Market st.

HEAVY GREEN BAIZE—Just opened a lot of heavy floor cloth Baize. ALEXANDER & DAY,
dec 17-ly 75 Market street.

HOOVER' and Arnold's Inks at
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER'S,
nov 15-ly 43 Market street.

HEBREW BIBLE; Liepsic Edition: 8 vo. For sale by
dec 9-ly R. CARTER, 74 Market st.

INDIGO.—11 ceroons Spanish Float Indigo for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.,
dec 20-ly corner Sixth and Wood sts.

JUST received: Shugert's Cast Steel Socket Chissels Ship Adzes, Ship Axes and other carpenter tools of his make. HAYS & GETTY,
dec 20 No. 61 Market st., Pittsburgh.

KENTUCKY MUSTARD.—Currowes

Daily Commercial Journal.

ROBERT M. RIDDLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 23, 1845.

TERMS:

DAILY PAPER—Five Dollars per annum, to present subscribers. ☞On the first of January, our terms for the Daily paper will be slightly altered.
TRI WEEKLY—Three Dollars per annum.
WEEKLY—Two Dollars per annum, in advance.

Ladies Fair.

It will be seen by reference to the advertising columns, that the ladies of the Second Presbyterian Church hold a sale of useful and fancy articles, for the benefit of the Church, on Wednesday evening, to continue through Christmas day and evening.

Our New Paper.

We may say, without fear of contradiction, that we have now redeemed our promise to get up a sheet unsurpassed in beauty. A word of acknowledgment is due to those whose skill has aided us to fulfil the engagement.

Mr. A. Robertson of New Brighton, Beaver County, who makes good paper always, has furnished an article for our new issue, which would do credit to any manufacturer in the world

Our type is from the foundry of Messrs. George Bruce & Co., New York, and its beauty speaks for itself. They promised it should "do them credit and afford us pleasure," and we are free to confess it does both.

Messrs. Hoe & Co., of New York, furnished our Washington hand press, and we venture to say, it has no superior in operation. Our edition is so large that we find it difficult, with two first class press-men to print it, and in such circumstances we found it necessary to seek an easy-working press. Messrs. Hoe & Co. have more than met our expectations in this particular, and we are left with scarcely a reason to regret, that we had not a steam power press which, more than any other daily paper in Pittsburgh, the Journal requires.

Our Position and Prospects.

When we took charge of the Commercial Journal and Age, on the 15th July last, we expected to enter into a fair and honorable and agreeable competition with our Whig contemporaries. We relied upon our own industry and resources to carve for us a place and procure a decent subsistence. To accomplish this, we felt sure, it was not necessary that any paper then in existence, should suffer loss, and we held out the hand of fellowship to all, with an especial declaration of amicable dispositions toward our Whig brethren. For a little while, we were permitted to pursue our avocation unmolested, but on the instant that it was perceived, we were to enjoy a fair share of mercantile patronage, we were made the object of every species of covert attack.

We will pass by the American's deportment toward us, for that did not at any time surprise or annoy us, but the Gazette began to attack us, not openly, but quietly, out of doors in a manner that we could not permit to pass without notice. We preserved silence until open hostilities were begun, and little as the public may have heard of it, an active warfare has been waged.

We shall not now go into the merits of the controversy, it must suffice for the present to state that such a warfare was waged. We allude to it now to explain what is to follow.

Our claim to patronage has been rested upon our merits. We alleged that our circulation was very large, and we pointed to our commercial reports, the character of our selections, and the general conduct of our paper to determine how far we ought to have support.

The Gazette meets us by an arrogant declaration that the extent of a circulation is less important to the mercantile value of a newspaper, than the character of that circulation. It was an imputation upon us, but not so directed openly, and the point of it was an assumption that our circulation was not among the class of people that the merchant and tradesman desire to reach. We have permitted all this to pass without retort, until the moment should arrive, when performing our promise with regard to improvement in the size and dress of our sheet, it would be becoming and proper in us to put a stop to the Gazette's dishonest insinuations and tricks. We have now reached that point.

Our paper has appeared in its new dress, printed on a larger sheet than the Gazette's, and well filled with substantial paying advertisements. At this moment the Gazette greets us as follows:

Newspaper Improvements—Our Enlargement.

Pittsburgh will not want for Newspapers, either as it respects sizes, number or price. We heard of two new daily Penny papers to be issued shortly. The prospectus of one of them, to be called the Sunbeam, is already out. The name of the other, which is yet in embryo, we have not heard. The American is out in a new dress; and on Saturday, the Commercial Journal and Age—or more properly the Commercial Journal, for it has dropped the other part—came out in a new suit and enlarged dimensions. It makes a beautiful appearance.

Of course, it is not to be expected that the venerable Gazette, now Sixty years of age, and the oldest daily in this section of country, (since the Daily Advocate and Advertiser was united with it,) should not share in the general impetus given to the Newspaper business of this city. Most of our readers are aware that we contemplated enlarging it. In fact we have been so cramped for Room, our Readers and Advertisers particularly, have reason to know by experience that we had none to spare. A grumbling—which we confess there was a good reason for—was kept up because advertisements were run out much too soon for their wishes.

Our circulation has also increased so much that it is with the greatest difficulty we have been able to get our editions worked off on the ordinary presses, and from the manner in which it is now increasing, bids fair to outrun this mode of working papers altogether. No alternative was left but a recourse to the modern improvements in Printing; and accordingly we ordered and have received a new and splendid Patent Steam Power Press, from New York. E. D. Gazzam, Esq., has put up for us that new building lately erected on the corner of the Alley running between it and the Post Office. Workmen are busy putting up the fixtures of our Engine and Press, and we expect on Jan. 1st, to issue a paper as large as the Cincinnati Gazette, a large addition to the length of the present paper, and two columns to its width—one on each page, thirty-two in all. This will be equal or very nearly so, to any paper in the Western Country, and much larger than any paper between Philadelphia and Cincinnati. Our advertisers will then have "elbow room" at least, and with Steam we shall run our edition off more rapidly than can be effected by any Press in this part of the country.

This article is, apparently, a general notice of newspaper improvements, but the careful reader will readily detect that its object is to concede that the Journal is doing something, in the way of improvement, in order to add that the Gazette will do more.

The editor thinks it necessary to say that he is about to have a steam power press in order to convey the idea that the Journal is less prosperous, and requires no such aids. He alludes to his advertising custom to show that the Journal had no trouble to find room for its advertisements. All this is true, although it is not apparent at first blush.

Now we will meet this, and we think it necessary to do so, by stating what we know. In the first place, the Gazette does not require, and has not bought a power press. In the next, its daily edition is little over half the daily edition of the Journal. Again, if it will agree to compare lists with the Journal, we will agree to publish the names of our subscribers to show that we have more mercantile men, manufacturers and tradesmen, on our regular list, than that paper has, and that we have for every purpose of the advertiser, a better, as well as larger circulation, than that paper has now.

We had but twelve yearly advertisers when we took this paper, and we have now over seventy, and we have taken not one at half price, as the Gazette did to win from us a customer. We have a larger paying advertisement custom at this moment, than the Gazette, and for weeks together, we have been compelled to drop the advertisements of yearly customers after four insertions, in order to get a meagre share of reading matter into our columns.

After this, we want it understood, that we claim to have a substantial, regular and valuable circulation among business people, much larger than the whole circulation of the Gazette, and an aggregate circulation, nearly doubling that paper's.

The Christian Advocate's power press, not the Gazette's, affording the Gazette the means of dispensing with a hand press, such as we use, must not be accounted an evidence that the Gazette's circulation is either as large as ours, or like it, growing rapidly.

Forbearance with the Gazette, has always been basely used as a proof of the truth of its assumptions of superiority in circulation, as a medium of advertising. We shall hereafter take every occasion to make known its inferiority to us in all the requisites of an advertising medium, and a commercial newspaper.

Brief.

The message of Mr. Clarke, the new Governor of Iowa, is only about two columns in length.—We wish more of our dignitaries would imitate his Excellency's example.

☞ It may save trouble to parties interested to repeat here what has been constantly standing under our "Terms," that we make a charge of half price for the insertion of Literary, Charitable and Religious Notices. It is generally expected of the printer that he will give his labor for nothing, in such cases, and pay cash to his compositors beside. The little we may have to give for charitable purposes, we desire to give directly and of choice.

We find it necessary to make this announcement inasmuch as we are daily called on to advance the interests of societies, and corporations, and of individuals, without charge, while every word set up for this purpose costs us a sum in cash, that must be paid.

☞ We are indebted to the Chronicle for a very flattering and liberal notice of our enlarged sheet.—The Post, also, is kind enough to recognise, in fitting terms, our new dress, and we have from the Gazette, in remarkable connexion with its own projects of improvement, a word of approbation.

The magnanimity of the Chronicle, in a really hearty encomium, consoles us, quite, for short comings in other quarters. We had been perfectly indifferent to the reception we might meet with, as a sequitur to our share in the nasty struggle which has become the daily avocation of a Pittsburgh editor, until the language of kindness in the Chronicle, reminds us, somewhat abruptly, that there may be found, now and then, a heart under somebody's belt.

Arrest of Tirrell.

☞We have already announced the arrest at New Orleans, of Tirrell, the murderer of Mrs. Bickford. The following account of his arrest, from the Philadelphia North American, is more full than any we have seen, and we give it entire.

"This individual, the murderer of Maria A. Bickford, of Boston, was arrested last week at New Orleans, after having for some time eluded the search of justice. Capt Youennes, of the New Orleans Police, having received information by a private letter from New York, that Tirrell had shipped for the former port, in one of the regular packet ships, under the name of William Dennis, he, with another officer, chartered a pilot boat, and set sail for the Gulf. The Picayune says "they boarded several vessels, but could not find the name of William Dennis among the list of passengers, and began to think their information was incorrect. At last a vessel hove in sight, on Friday morning last, and on nearing her she proved to be the ship Sultana, from New York. They boarded her, and upon inquiring of the captain whether he had a passenger named Dennis, received an affirmative reply—but neither he, the mate, nor any one else, could tell which of the passengers was Dennis. Mr. Bowditch, a custom house officer, being on board, called the roll of the passengers; when the name of Dennis was called, a good looking man, in a rough blue pilot cloth suit, with a glazed cap on his head, stepped out. Youennes said, "Sir, I want you." "What for?" inquired Dennis. "There is no occasion for any conversation—I suspect you know," replied Youennes. "Have you you got a warrant?" inquired Dennis. "Yes," was the reply. "Let me see it." "Here it is," said Y., producing it and handing it to him: "are you satisfied?" "Yes." The handcuffs were then placed upon his wrists, and he was conveyed to the city.

The prisoner looked haggard and care-worn.—He was called up before the Recorder, and Mr. Jairus Vinney identified the accused as Albert. J. Tirrill, from having known him for many years and being brought up in the same village with him. 'What is your name?' said the Recorder, looking at the prisoner. There was a pause of a second, in which all eyes were turned upon the suspected man, expecting of course that he would deny his identity; but to the surprise of every one, he said in a soft, mild voice, 'Albert J. Turrell, sir!'—'What other name do you go by?' asked the Recorder. 'Well, sir, I have been known by a great many different names for the last two years, sir: I went by the name of Mr. Dennis on board the ship,' replied the prisoner. Mr. Bates, of the firm of Bates & Tirrell, also indentified the accused as Albert J. Tirrell. The Recorder then informed him that he should commit him, without bail, until a requisition could be obtained from the Governor of Messachusetts. The prisoner [illegible] was nothing found upon his person but a revolving pistol, with every barrel loaded and capped. His trunk contained nothing at all. On the way up the river he endeavored to jump overboard, but was prevented by the officers. A reward of $3000 has been offered by the authorities of Boston for his apprehension. It is said that officer Ridgely, of Bostog, arrived here a few days since, chartered a pilot-boat, and has been cruising outside for Tirrell ever since, but he will be likely to have his trouble for nothing."

Punishing a Libel.

In these days when trials for libel as well as those for breaches of promise of marriage, seem to be as "plenty as blackberries," an anecdote of other times has occurred to us, which details a royal mode of punishing a libel. The verdict certainly was dignified and noble, though in our days the justness of the case would be more scrupulously looked into, without perhaps the rendering of any more justifiable sentence. When Lord Molesworth of England published his celebrated account of Denmark, many passages in that work were found extremely offensive to the reigning Monarch, who by his Ambassador, complained of the insult, and demanded from William III, the head of the author. "Tell his Danish Majesty," said King William, "that I cannot, by my own authority dispose of the heads of my subjects, nor can I grant to his Majesty any redress, except that I can communicate to Lord Molesworth the nature of this application, who will, I dare say, insert it in the next edition of his book."—[Bost. Trans.

THE SHOE TRADE.—The shoe manufacture of New England is in rather a depressed state at present—the business having been overdone. This is severely felt by the citizens of Lynn, Danvers, Haverhill, and other places which owe their growth to this manufacture. Some manufacturers are turning their attention to England, as a field of access—particularly in the article of pegged shoes, none of which are manufactured out of this country. A gentleman from Danvers saile the present week, as the agent of a large company, whose object is to introduce the manufacture of pegged shoes into Great Britain.

☞ Some few weeks since Professor de Bonville was almost mobbed at Richmond, on account of alleged collusion in his mesmeric lectures and experiments. He is now delivering a second course there by invitation of his friends, and considerable excitement exists among the believers and repudiators of the science.

☞ The editor of the Vicksburg Sentinel, is threatened with death, by an armed man, who is parading the streets for a shooting opportunity. The Sentinel has already lost two or three editors by the pistol and bowie knife, including Dr. Hagan, so that the present editor must have entered on his duties with a full knowledge of his fate.

☞ Some twenty sailors, says the Boston Post, who had been discharged from the frigate Cumberland at this port, entrusted the greater part of their money to the care of the landlord with whom they boarded. The landlord previously, on the credit of having a house full of boarders, run up heavy bills at different places, but before pay day arrived he decamped to parts unknown, taking with him the sailors' cash.

The Albany Knickerbocker expresses the opinion that "America is destined to be the bread basket of the world."

MORE COTTON FACTORIES.—The enterprising whalemen of Nantucket had a public meeting on Wednesday evening week, preparatory to the construction of one or more cotton factories in that flourishing island.

☞ Mr. F. Stein, a watchmaker of Charleston, advertises for exhibition a new clock, "intended to run a hundred years with a single winding."

Married,

On Monday evening, 22nd instant, by the Rev. Wm. P. Mellvaine, Mr. WM. S. BISSELL to ELIZABETH EWING, daughter of George Hogg, Esq., all of Allegheny city.

The Oregon Correspondence.

The following is the best condensation we have seen of the voluminous diplomatic correspondence between our Secretaries and the British Ministers, in relation to this subject. We extract it from the N. Y. Tribune:

The first is a letter from Mr. Fox, the British Minister, to Mr. Webster, United States Secretary of State, dated Washington, Nov. 15, 1842, covering a copy of part of a letter, from Lord Aberdeen to Mr. Fox, requesting that the United States Minister at London might be furnished with instructions to treat with such person as might be appointed by England, on the North-Western Boundary. Assuring Mr. Webster that England was ready to enter into a fair and equitable compromise of the difficulty.

Mr. Webster replies to Mr. Fox, Nov. 15, 1842, informing him that such instructions would be given to the United States Minister at London.

Mr. Pakenham writes to Mr. Upshur, United States Secretary of State, dated Washington, Feb. 24, 1844. intimating the anxious desire of the British Government to come to a speedy settlement, and proposing a conference.

Mr, Calhoun to Mr. Pakenham., Feb. 26, 1844, announcing that the death, of Mr. Upshur, (on Feb. 28th) &c., had prevented prompt attention to the Oregon Boundary and that now as Congress had adjourned it would be a proper time to proceed with it.

Mr, Calhoun to Mr. Pakenham, Aug 22, 1844, appointing 1 o'clock, P. M., next day for conference, concurring with the English sentiment in desiring a speedy settlement of the question.

Mr. P. to Mr. C. Aug. 22 1844 agreeing to the hour.

The conference was accordingly held on the 23d of August, 1844 and the Plenipotentiaries proceeded to examine the state of the question. Mr. Calhoun desired a proposal from Pakenham, who said he would be able to make a definite one at the next conference and desired Mr. C. to be also ready with his poposals. Adjourned to the 26th August, when it again assembled. Mr. Pakenham made a proposal to Mr. Calhoun, which Mr. Calhoun declined. Then they agreed that a more full understanding of their respective views, was necessary to facilitate further proceedings. It was agreed that written statements of the views of both parties should be given before proceeding farther. It was also agreed that the American Plenipotentiary should make his statement at the next conference and, when ready, give the necessary notice.

Attached to his Protocol is the offer of Mr. Pakenham to take the 49th parallel of latitude to the Columbia River and the River to the sea; and also to make free to the United States any port or ports which they might desire on the main land or on Vancouver's Island South on 493.

Sept. 2d, 1844, the third conference was held at the office of the United States Secretary of State. The American negotiator gave his views of claims of the United States to the portion of the Territory drained by the Columbia as his grounds for declining the British Minister's proposal.

Sept. 12, 1844, the fourth conference was held at the same place, and the British Minister gave his views.

Sept. 20th, fifth conference, Mr. Calhoun, delivered a rejoinder.

Sept. 24th, sixth conference.

The British Minister stated he had read with due attention the rejoinder of the U. S. Plenipotentiary; that he did not feel authorized to enter into any discussion relative to the Territory North of lat. 49 deg., which was understood by the British Government to form the basis of negotiation on the part of the United States as the line of the Columbia formed that of England. That his former proposal was offered by Great Britain as an honorable compromise, and that it was made with the proviso that in no case in any further negotiations should a compromise or weaken the claims of Great Britain unless accepted by the United States.

Sept. 3d, '44—Mr. Calhoun to Mr. Pakenham—declines Mr. P.'s proposal, as it would limit our possessions to narrower bounds than what we had a clear right to. Mr. Calhoun then enters into an able argument on our claims to the territory drained by the Columbia, arising from our proper right, and those derived from France and Spain. The former he grounds as against Great Britain, on priority of discovery, exploration and settlement.—The prior discovery is claimed for Captain Gray, a citizen of the United States, May 11, 1792, who gave the river his name. This discovery is opposed by those of Meares and Vancouver. The former sailed along the coast through which the Columbia flows, in 1788, in order to ascertain whether the river laid down in Spanish charts as "St. Rock" really existed, and he declares "we can now safely assert that there is no such river." Vancouver, in April, 1792, explored the same coast. His own journal proves that he failed to discover the river. He even disbelieved Captain Gray's discovery. Gray gave a copy of his chart to Madia at Nootka Sound, and on Vancouver's arrival Madia showed the Columbia, Oct. 29, 1792. The attempt to prove that Captain Gray sailed in a private vessel, not a United States vessel, shows the strength of our claims.

Mr. Calhoun then proceeds to consider the discoveries of the Columbia's branches by Lewis and Clark, long before any British subject visited these parts, and asserts our clear right by the discovery of the mouth and head waters of the Columbia river.

He next describes the question of settlement by our citizens in 1809, '10, and '11. The taking possession by the British during the war, and restoration after peace.

He then proceeds, "We have added to our claims those of France and Spain by the Treaty of Louisiana and the Treaty of Florida. The cession of Louisiana gave an undisputed title to the summit of the Rocky Mountains and by *Continuity* to the Pacific, founded on the Treaty of 1763.

He then dwells on the argument of *Continuity*, instancing the contest between great Britain and France which was terminated by the Treaty of 1763. The fact that Great Britain claimed this continuity for her colonies (now the United States) forecloses her contesting this principle against us.

He then examines the treaty of 1763, which fixes the Mississippi as the boundary between Great Britain and France, extinguishing the claims of Great Britain West of that boundary. The right of continuity was transferred to us by France in the treaty of Louisiana. France held this right by the extinguishment of Great Britain, by treaty of 1763.

He then proceeds to defend our claims on the discoveries of Spain which we have acquired. In place of conflicting with each other they naturally blend together, forming a strong chain of title against all opposing claims.

He then takes up the restoration of Astoria, and quotes the admission of Lord Castlereagh to Mr. Rush, admitting our ample right to be reinstated, and our right to possession while treating of title. Our claims have since been strengthened, by increase of our population by emigration. He concludes by stating that the very same cause which peopled the Valley of Mississippi will yet cause emigration across the Rocky Mountains, and that the whole region drained by the Columbia is destined to be peopled by us. Mr. Calhoun closes his able paper by stating that he refrains "from presenting the claims which the U. S. may have to the other portions of the territory" than those drained by the Columbia River, and by renewed assurances of high consideration, &c., &c.

Sept. 12, 1844, Mr. Pakenham writes to Mr. Calhoun in reply to the above. That he has no evidence that Louisiana extended West to the Pacific, but that the Rocky Mountains was the Western boundary, for which opinion he quotes Mr. Jefferson. Even if the boundary did extend westward to the Rocky Mountains, that France transferred to Spain in 1762, and Spain to England, by treaty between Great Britain and Spain in 1796, which abrogated the claims of Spain.

He denies that the claim of continuity can effect the claim of right. He acknowledges that Spain, in 1819, transferred her rights North of 42 degrees, but that did not invalidate her former concessions in 1790.

In regard to the discoveries of Heceta and Gray they conflict, and if Heceta's claim be good it favors Great Britain owing to the treaty of 1790.

The United States had no claims when they became a nation. Those of France were worth nothing. He urges the commercial intercourse of Great Britain with the North-west coast, the voyages of Cook and Mears, the survey of the coast by Vancouver, which makes Great Britain's claims to discovery and exploration very strong. He sets the accuracy and authenticity of Cook and Vancouver's survey against the discovery of the mouth of the Columbia by Capt. Gray. Of the exploration of Lewis and Clarke he says that McKenzie, a British subject; crossed the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific in 1793, and discovered the upper waters of Frazer's River, near lat. 49 deg., and puts his against Lewis and Clarke's.

He meets the authority of Lord Castlereagh himself to the British Minister at Washington, when giving up Astoria, claiming the whole territory.

Great Britain and the United States are in joint occupancy; one cannot divest the other but by an equitable division of what is jointly occupied.

In claiming the Columbia as the boundary Great Britain is not influenced by ambition of possessing large territory, but by consideration of utility, if not of necessity, which cannot be lost sight of.

Mr. P. concluded by requesting a proposal from the United Stetes, and statement of further claims alluded to by Mr. Calhoun.

Sept. 20, 1844. Mr. Calhoun rejoins to this rebutting the British claims on the discoveries of Cook, Mears, and others, on the Nootka Sound convention, and on McKenzie's explorations. The Frazier's River is an insfsior stream, and cannot effect the discovery of the Columbia.

The United States had the first settlement, had that right restored, were acknowledged to be in possession while treating of title, &c. Mr. C. also replies to the argument drawn from Jefferson, and reinforces the argument of continuity, and states that the United States must be considered as in possession of the whole of the territory drained by the Columbia, while treating of title, in which character he insists on being considered, and not in the character of a joint occupancy merely. He can make no proposal based on the supposition of a joint occupancy. There must be a full discussion of the title before proposals can be made.—With the question that the United States have a clar title, the British proposal in the second conference falls far short of what they can accept.

As to our claims to other parts of the Territory than those drained by the Columbia, they extend as far as the treaty of Florida with Spain can warrant.

Jan. 15, 1845, Mr. Pakenham to Mr. Calhoun states that he has sent the discussions already had to his Government, but that, in the mean time, he is authorized to offer arbitration, leaving the choice of arbiters for after consideration.

January 24, 1845, Mr. Calhoun says he has laid the offer of Mr. P. before the President, and he cannot accede to the proposal. He hopes the question may be settled by negotiation. Arbitration might retard rather than expedite the settlement.

July 12, 1845, Mr. Buchanan having been appointed Secretary of State, and seeming to overlook the later proceedings and replies of Sett. 12, 1844, rests our title on that of Spain, contending that at the date of Spain's transfer of her rights to us she had a good title to the whole of Oregon against Great Britain. The Nootka Sound Treaty conferred no right on Great Britain but to trade with the Indians, was transient in its nature, and did not touch the sovereignty of Spain over the territory. That it was annulled by the war between Great Britain and Spain in 1796, and has never since been renewed, and consequently Great Britain is destitute of any claim to the Oregon territory. Having defended these views at length, and enforced our title to the whole of Oregon; he says the joint occupancy treaty excepts our title from being impaired.

In this view of the subject the President, considering the action of his predecessors and embarrassed by their offer, to show also to the world that he is actuated by a spirit of moderation, has authorized him (Mr. Secretary B.) to offer the 49th parallel to the sea as a boundary, with any port in Vancouver's Island South of that latitude.

July 29th, 1845. Mr. Pakenham replies to Mr. Buchanan; combats strongly Mr. B.'s position, particularly the claim of the United States to the vally of the Columbia, to be older than the treaty of 1819. He examines the Spanish title—the American offer to divide the territory—the United States can find no claim, or discovery, or exploration, or settlement prior to the treaty of Florida, without admitting the principles of the Nootka Sound Convention, and the parallel claims of Great Britain. He contends that the Nootka Sound Convention continues in force, and even if that Convention had never existed the claims of Great Britain are as good as those of the United States.

He then goes into a history of the discoveries, from which it might appear that American citizens discovered the Columbia River, while British navigators discovered Frazer's River and Vancouver's Island. He repeats the British claims to the territory, *and declines the offer made by Mr. Buchanan.*

August 30, 1845, is the date of the last despatch. It is from Mr. Buchanan in reply to Mr. P. He quotes the declaration of Messrs. Huskisson and Addisonton that "Great Britain claims no exclusive sovereignty over any part of that [Oregon.] Territory." Mr. B. makes a very long argument in reply to Mr. P., maintaining the rights of the United States to the whole of the Territory, and concludes by withdrawing his offer.

—Thus ends the correspondence, and the next step to be taken depends on the future.

The above abstract is but very limited; you may get it as soon as any other. The correspondence is able and voluminous. Mr. Calhoun's views are expressed in his usual strong and condensed language, and shows that the interests of the country might safely be trusted to him in the present crisis. I doubt whether some of the leaders of the party want his despatches published just at present, for fear they might make it appear that he is the fittest man to take the head of the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The Sober Second Thought.

We have read with real satisfaction the leading article in the last number of the New York "Sunday Times and Messenger," edited by Major Noah, a friend to the present Administration, and one of the most zealous friends of the "annexation" of Texas. This article proves that he at least, however for a moment misled, is come to his senses. We have hardly room for any thing just now, but we cannot refrain from recommending it to the particular consideration of our readers.—*National Intelligencer.*

Extracts from the "Sunday Times" of Dec. 14.

ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES.—Although the early and strenuous friend of "annexation," we were not without our apprehensions that an increasing and morbid desire for territorial acquisitions would bring us in conflict with some European nation, as menacing by our increasing strength and numerical force the power, and what is called the "divine right," of kings. Something worse than this we apprehended—the weakening of our chain of union, by extending our national authority to the extreme ends of the continent, and parting with the rich inheritance handed down to us by our Revolutionary fathers, in a craving appetite for more territory, new conquests, and additional annexation. What we apprehended has in part occurred.

England has declared, in an emphatic manner, through her Minister and on the floor of Parliament, that her rights in Oregon are clear and unquestionable. "We desire," said Sir Robert Peel, "an amicable adjustment of the difficulties between us and the United States; but, having exhausted every effort to obtain it, if our rights are invaded, we are resolved and prepared to maintain them." This declaration was followed by a tremendous burst of cheers from all parts of the House. There is no ambiguity in this: it is open, direct, and unequivocal; and the preparation making to carry out his threat is a source of anxiety to the peaceably disposed of both Powers.

The President, in his message, though previously claiming to the 54th degree of Oregon, admits, and we think most wisely, that he deemed it right to tender to Great Britain a division of that territory in a line parallel to the 49th degree, which the Minister was not instructed to accept, but which he expected. We hope that England will yet see the policy to close with the proposition. But it will be asked, "is the message in other respects conciliatory or pacific?" We regret to say it is not. The offer has been made and rejected, and is now withdrawn; and the President says, "no compromise which the United States ought to accept can be effected," and now we claim the whole of Oregon. Nay, more; the President closes the subject by saying that our rights "cannot be abandoned without a sacrifice of both national honor and interest." Take what Sir Robert Peel said in the House of Commons, and what the President now says, and who can doubt that the door is closed, or nearly so, on pacific negotiations?

What follows if this issue cannot be changed? War, beyond any doubt—war declared by England, because we claim the whole of Oregon, and will accept of no compromise; and, moreover, we assume a tone of uncalled-for defiance and imprudent haughtiness in treating a subject of mutual negotiation. But it will be alleged that "Great Britain declares war against *us*, and we must stand on the defensive." There is no difference whether we declare war against her, or we provoke her to declare war against us. The family of nations throughout the world will demand that the peace of the world shall not be broken without cause. In our war with England of 1812 no Power on earth had juster grounds for hostilities than we had. Our flag was insulted, our seamen impressed, our merchant vessels captured and confiscated, our coast blockaded, and our people killed. There, national honor was at stake, and we manfully stood by that honor, and success attended us. In this question, we take occasion to declare that not a jot of our national honor is involved. It is a simple question of the right of ownership to a few degrees of land some three thousand miles distant—a question purely of negotiation and compromise, and not of war. If England declares war against us, we must be ready with our united energies, and with the ample power of our country, to resist her in every shape, whatever may be the hazards, sufferings, and privations. But, at the same time, it is a duty we owe to our country, its peace, safety, and happiness, not to drive her to that extremity, if prudence, principle, and equitable compromise can prevent it. Party and political power cannot be secured by rash experiments. The loudest men in the nation, clamoring for all Oregon, and inviting war by loud defiance, will abandon the Administration deserting it upon the first reverse we may meet with—and in war we must expect reverses as well as victories. The whole nation may be united in defending the flag, and the soil, and the country, and its institutions; but the whole nation may be united against the Administration whose want of prudence has brought us into a dilemma. We hope, therefore, that prudent and not rash counsels will prevail—that this negotiation will be removed from some fiery spirits in Congress, who have ulterior political views and aspirations, and entrusted to the cool and sagacious Minister we have in London; that, while at the fountain head, and in constant communication with the controlling power of the Government, he may present the subject in various positions, so as to ensure a mutually honorable and pacific termination of this vexed question.

Abd-el-Kader.

The following interesting account of the great Arab leader in Algeria appears in the Paris *Constitutionel*.

"It is supposed that it was the conquest of Algeria by France that brought forward Abd el Kader, and that he emerged from obscurity only to take the defence of the nationality of the Arabs. This is an error. If the expedition to Algiers had not taken place we should certainly have seen Abd el-Kader undertaking against the Porte the work of ambition, that he has attempted against the domination of France. For a long time past he was predestined in the minds of the natives to become their chief during war, and their master and sovereign after, having cast off the Turkish yoke. He had been prepared for this adventurous and brilliant part by his father, by his family, and by all the acts of his life.

"The father of Abd-el-Kader, Mshhi Eldin, was a man of superior merit; he was a learned theologian and a clever politician, and was esteemed a saint by the Mussulmans. His family enjoyed singular veneration, and three celebrated Marabours had their birth in it in recent times. It descended from a famous personage, Muly Abd-el Kader, who lived, it is said, in the early part of the Hegira. The Mahometan saint, after having long edified the province of Orian with the sight of self inflicted austerities withdrew to a solitude in the environs of Bakdad. There he lived, says the Arabs, at the summit of a column, standing motionless on his left foot, and taking no other nourishment than the few drops of rain which fell at long intervals. The prophet, adds the Arab legend, puts an end to this miraculous existence by lifting him up by the tuft of hair which like all good Mussulmans he wore on the crown of his head, and opening to him the gates of Paradise.

"Mahhi Eldin, who was five times married, selected as his successor his third son, Abd-el-Kader in remembrance of his ancestor the Santon, and from his birth took care to make him the object of predictions and prodigies.

"From time immemorial, the guetna (a group of houses or tents,) which serves as the residence of the family of Abd-el-Kader, in the tribes of the Hachem Cheragas, has been a place of pilgrimage for the Arabs. On New Years day and great Easter they carry thither as a homage, money, wool, oxen and sheep, A local proverb says, that he who gives a boudjou to the holy dwellings shall find ten on his return. These pious gifts, in the course of time, formed a pretty large treasure, which was increased by the care of Mahhi Eldin, has more than once been useful to his son.

"The Mother of Abd-el-Kader, Lilla Zohara, the only Arab women who can read and write, has also received from Heaven, according to popular tradition, special gifts. Much has been said also of her beauty and intelligence.

"After losing his father in 1833, Abd-el-Kader transferred to his mother all his respect and tenderness. She is for him an object of worship. Mahhi Eldin spared nothing to make the child of his predilection fit for the mission that he was to perform Believing that he was destined to be a warrior and a saint, he fortified, by incessant exercise, his weak constitution, he made him an intrepid horseman, sober and capable of bearing great fatigue, and exertion using the *fissah* (a long heavy sword) the stick and the musket. Under the direction of a clever master he was instructed in the laws, geography, arithmetic and astronomy. At the age of fifteen he was sent to a celebrated professor at Oran to learn politics. Mahhi Eldin himself who had already performed a pilgrimage to Mecca, and bore the title of *hadji* (pilgrim), undertook his religious education. He communicated to his son all the science of a marabout. The young man was continually plunged in meditation, to shun all pleasures of youth, and sparing of his words for he never opened his mouth except to utter a sentence of the Prophet, with his eyes cast down with humility. He was consequently regarded as a saint even before he had attained to manhood. His pale and pensive face, like those of grave monks of the middle ages; eyes at once mild, expressive and penetrating, his attitude full of dignity, every thing in him bore imposing gravity which showed a superior mind, and exercised so much authority over men of action. He soon acquired over the tribes of the province of Oran, such an ascendancy as to inspire alarm in the Turks. His father had resolved to set out with him for Mecca, and, on being announced 3,000 horseman nearly all of superior birth, offered themselves as an escort.

"Hassan, the Bey of Oran, took umbrage at this, and, having appraised the Bey, received full powers to act. He ordered Mahhi Eldin to disband his little army, and proceed to Oran with his son to give an account of his conduct. They had the courage to obey.

"On their arrival they were thrown into prison, and their death appeared certain. They were brought before the Bey, and it appears that Abd-el-Kader, although so young, contrived by his address and eloquence to disarm the Bey of his anger. They obtained their pardon on the condition [illegible] Mecca.

"At the end of two years, Mahhi Eldin and his son reappeared in the province of Oran. They had, in the meantime, visited at Mecca the tomb of the Prophet, and in the environs of Bagdad the sepulchres who reminded posterity of the virtues of Muley Abd-el-Kader. It was here that Mahhi Eldin pretended to have had a miraculous vision in which the vocation of his son was revealed to him.

"He related that one morning, after a night consecrated to prayer, he saw Muley Abd-el-Kader descend from heaven, surrounded with light and glory, and received from him the announcement of the brilliant destiny of his son and the gift of an enchanted apple from Muley. Abd-el-Kader left him to return to Paradise. He added that Abd-el-Kader, on eating this apple, had in a manner become imbued with the soul of the holy Muley; that a crown of glory encircled his forehead: that his voice became like that of the Marabout; and that he was for the future invulnerable.

"Abd-el-Kader, who was still grave, silent and studious, and constantly engaged in pious exercises, was soon surrounded with universal respect. Every day troops of the faithful flocked to his tent, and withdrew delighted, after seeing him, meditating over the book of life, and praying with fervor. The Bey of Oran, becoming more and more alarmed, resolved to strike a blow; but the French expe, it in left him no time for it. It is known that he decided on opening the gates of the town when he commanded to the French, who then heard for the first time of Abd-el-kader. His father had preached the holy war, and had placed himself at the head of the Arabs. From May 3 to 9, 1832, Oran was attacked with fury by the natives, under their young chief. Abd-el-Kader displayed the most brilliant valor. He had a horse shot under him, and his burnous covered with blood, was preserved as a relic.

"After this affair, he was more than ever regarded as invulnerable. His election as Sultan shows that this expedition, although unfortunate, had powerfully contributed to his greatness. It took place at Ersebra, in the plain of Eghris, on the 23th September, 1832. The day before the chiefs of the Hachems, the Garabas, and the Beni Hamers had already pronounced his name. He had refused, however, and proposed an influential chief, Sidi-el-Arrach. On the day of the election a scene took place which was probably concerted. Sidi-el-Arrach declared that during the night Muley Abd-el-Kader had appeared to him and designated the third son of Mahhi Eldin for the vote of the assembly. Mahhi Eldin stated that he had had a similar vision, and that his own death had been predicted. Abd-el-Kader, therefore, was proclaimed Sultan. The Arabs are firmly convinced that this election was the work of the holy Marabout; who they say, visits him daily when he is alone in his tent. From the moment of his election, Abd-el-Kader has been invested with a sacred character in the eyes of the Arabs, and he has neglected nothing to keep up the ascendancy which he exercises. Like Mahomet, like Cromwell, like nearly all the great men who have, at different periods of history, ruled over superstitious and credulous nations, he turns to profit, whilst he shares in popular belief, and does not disdain to call to the aid of the designs of his God the resources of human politics.

We will only cite one instance. One day when he was holding forth, a negro fell upon him with a cangiar in his hand. At the moment when he was going to strike, the aggressor suddenly stopped, threw away his dagger, and exclaimed that he saw a supernatural light in the brow of the Sultan. He fell upon his knees, Abd-el-Kader gravely and without apparent emotion, touched his forehead with his hand, and said that the Prophet granted pardon to his repentance.

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☞ RAILROAD MEETING.—The citizens of Lawrenceville and vicinity, are requested to attend a Railroad Meeting, at the Episcopal Church (now Temperance Hall) on Tuesday evening, the 23d instant, at 6½ o'clock.

dec 22 LAWRENCE.

Preparations for the Holidays.

For Christmas and New Year.

THE subscriber has just opened a splendid assortment of Jewelry and Fancy Articles, suitable for Gifts for the Holidays, to which he respectively

Daily Commercial Journal.

LOCAL NEWS.

In the Court of Quarter Sessions, of the Peace of Allegheny County,

Present, Judges Patton and Porter.

The grand jury were sworn and commenced their session at 11 o'clock this morning.

The first case called, was the case of the Commonwealth against George McIlwaine, on a complaint by his wife, and application for surety of the peace. The Defendant was ordered to enter bail to keep the peace, in $250, and find security for his good behavior in like amount. Eyster for Commonwealth, and Hamilton for Defence.

The case of the State vs. George Koering, for malicious mischief, was then called and postponed for two weeks. We understand there are about 1000 witnesses in this case. Alden and McMahon for State, and Callan and J. D. Mahon for Defence.

The next case was the Commonwealth vs. Victoria Baxter, Susan Burnsides, Miss Mary Baxter, and Joseph Baxter, on complaint of H. H. Ryan, for surety of the peace. The defendants had broken and injured the complainant's property, and made threats of further injury. The Court ordered them to enter into their own recognisances in $200, each, to keep the peace towards all good citizens, and particularly towards H. H. Ryan, and to pay the costs of prosecution, which they did. Eyster for prosecution and Alden for defence.

The Court then adjourned till 2 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

The first case this afternoon was an Indictment vs. Thomas Owens, for the larceny of a satinet frock coat, of the value of $2, of the property of Patrick Owens. Defendant withdrew his plea of 'not guilty,' after the jury was sworn and plead guilty, and was sentenced to imprisonment for 6 months and cost of prosecution. Eyster for prosecution and Washington for defence.

The next case was an Indictment for larceny of a pair of pantaloons, vs. John Thompson, the property of Jacob Shompenaugh, of the value of $2. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the defendant was remanded to prison. Eyster for prosecution and Loomis for defence.

The Commonwealth vs. William Hamilton, was the next case called, which was an indictment for Assault and Battery. The defendant plead guilty, and after hearing the statements of the parties, the Court sentenced the defendant to pay a fine of $20, and pay the costs of prosecution. Eyster and Magraw for prosecution and Tassey for defence.

The Court took occasion to say, that in the present instance, they would publicly announce a firm determination to visit the heaviest penalties of the law upon all, who in future, would come into Court, charged with aggravated offences of assault and battery.—The humanity of the Court in visiting offenders with nominal fines in cases such as the present one, had but encouraged the lawless; but for time to come, no man may expect indulgence, where the feelings of a malevolent heart move the offender. Both fine and imprisonment may therefore be anticipated in cases of assault and battery deserving the punishment.

The next case was an indictment against Valentine Dairy, for the larceny of a pair of trace chains, of the value of $2, of the property of Daniel Hummel. Verdict, that the defendant was guilty, and he was sentenced to prison for two months. Magraw and Eyster for Commonwealth and Black and Swartzwelder for defence.

Commonwealth vs. John Fitz Charles was the next case called, and was an indictment for the larceny of coat, the property of George Singer, of the value of 13. Magraw for Commonwealth and Flanegan for defence. The jury retired and will hand in their verdict in the morning.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Christmas times are coming; and "presents" are among the essentials of the season. As there are doubtless many of our readers who are anxious to procure these tokens of affection, commonly bestowed on Holiday occasions, we consider that we are doing them a favor by directing their attention to the assortment of gift books for sale by Mr. Kay, corner of Third and Wood streets. We have rarely seen books so elegantly embellished; and we miss our guess if they are not all sold by New Year's day. Mr. K. has a very extensive assortment—comprising books of every description, from the religious to the light and gay.—all illustrated in the first style of art.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—On Friday evening while a negro man by the name of Hillard was travelling up the road from Manchester to Allegheny, with a gun in his hand, he was met by two Irishmen of the names of Morgan and Cain, who demanded his gun. The negro refused to give it up, a scuffle ensued, in which the assailants took it from his hands and then left. Hillard made complaint before Mayor Nixon, and the men were arrested and the gun recovered, after a hard fight.

DISTRICT COURT—*Judge Hepburn*—The Court room was crowded yesterday morning to hear the verdict in the case of Demler vs. Bailey. Before it was rendered, however, the counsel for the plaintiff, took a non-suit—thus leaving the case open for a new trial. The verdict is said to have been favorable to the defendant. It appears that the boy had not remained with the defendant the full term of his service; and the jury, under a charge to that effect from the bench, considered that fact as a bar to the recovery of damages.

The court then proceeded to the trial of the case of Kerr vs. Chess—an ejectment case. Dunlap for plaintiff, Woods and Lowrie for defence. The case occupied the Court all day.

ELECTRO MAGNETISM.—We were present a few minutes, last evening, during the lecture of Prof. Rogs upon this subject, in Philo Hall. The lecturer appears to be thoroughly conversant with his subject; and many of his experiments are very interesting. We were sorry to see so slender an audience; but as Prof. Ross will lecture this evening, also, we hope to see a full house.

J. CANNON'S DRY GOODS STORE.—We are requested to call attention to the advertisement of his establishment, which will be found in another column. The assortment is extensive and excellent. Those who wish any article in the dry-goods line, cannot go amiss by calling and "examining for themselves."

BAPTISM.—Notwithstanding the excessive cold on Sunday, the ice was broken on the Allegheny, just below the St. Clair street bridge' and ten or twelve persons baptized.

POLICE—There was but one case before his honor yesterday morning. He was sent to the hill, for twenty days.

THEFT—A woman came to the Police office yesterday with a pair of shocking black eyes, and complained that some fellow had stolen 75 cents from her. As she could neither identify the thief of the money, and told a very crooked story, the Mayor was compelled to dismiss the case;

THE WEATHER—Terrible cold. It is enough to freeze ones nose off, Monday morning seemed to us the coldest of the season, Now is the time while the holidays are coming to show your benevolence. Send good things to your poor neighbors, so that their hearts may be glad and happy as well as yours.

STABBED—Last Friday night a man by the name of Cunningham was dangerously stabbed in a fight at a tavern near East Common, Allegheny. He does not know who stabbed him, as it occurred in a regular Irish "bit of fun." The man is living in a very precarious state.

ALLEGHENY MAYORALTY.—All the Delegates elected by the Whig ward meetings are favorable to the nomination of Mr. Cassat.

THE DEMOCRATS of Allegheny are to meet for the election of Delegates to the Mayoralty Convention, next Saturday evening. Messrs. Farrelly and Campbell are the most prominent candidates.

THE SEMINOLE PREACHER.—This Chief delivered his last lecture, or sermon, on Sunday evening, before a very large and intelligent audience. His discourse is said to have been exceedingly interesting, embracing an account of the customs and manners of the Seminoles, and of his own adventures. The latter were particularly attractive.

ALLEGHENY POLICE—There were no offenders before his honor yesterday morning.

First Ward Whig Meeting.

At a meeting of the Whigs and Antimasons of the First Ward of this city, held at the house of Mr. Little, on Saturday, to nominate Ward officers, and choose five delegates to a Convention to be held in the Common Council Chamber, at the Old Court House, on Wednesday, the 24th inst. at 6 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Mayor,, Overseers of the Poor and Auditors: On motion, Mr. Allen Cordell, was appointed Chairman, and R. D. Lee, Secretary.

On motion Jas. Gracy, Wm. Algeo, John Caldwell, Samuel Roseburgh and John E. Bell, were appointed delegates to the city Convention, having received seventy-five votes.

On motion, *Resolved*, That when this meeting adjourn, it adjourn to meet at this place on Saturday evening, the 27th inst. at 6½ o'clock to nominate Ward officers.

On motion, *Resolved*, That the proceedings of this meeting be published.

ALLEN CORDELL, Ch'n.
R. D. LEE, Sec'y.

Second Ward Whig Meeting, Allegheny.

According to notice the Whigs and Antimasons of the Second Ward, Allegheny, met at the house of John Oliver, in said ward, on Saturday evening, 20th inst. for the purpose of nominating candidates to be supported at the January elections. The meeting was organized by calling Mr. Thomas Smith to the chair, and appointing John S. Parke, Secretary. The following gentlemen were nominated.

Delegates to nominate a candidate for Mayor, Wm. Baxter, Wm. McHendry, Jacob Guyer, Wm. Johnson, S. A. Walker.

Select Council—Henry L. Bollman, for 3 years; John Chess, (vacancy.)

Common Council—Anson Bidwell, Wm. Johnson, M. A. White, Alex. Moore.

Alderman—John Oliver.

School Directors—Wm. McHendry, John Grubb, (vacancy;) Thomas Smith.

Assessor—David H. Scott.

Assistant Assessors—Joseph Irwin, Charles Grubb.

Judge—Robert Davis.

Inspector—Thomas Smith.

Constable—Abel Bowden.

A resolution was passed instructing the delegates to go for the nomination of R. S. Cassat, Esq. and to publish the proceedings in all papers friendly to the cause. Adjourned.

THOMAS SMITH, Ch'n.
JOHN E. PARKE, Sec'y.

South Ward Whig Meeting.

Pursuant to public notice the Antimasons and Whigs of the South Ward, assembled at the house of Leopold Sahl, on Saturday evening, the 20th inst., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Select and Common Councils, delegates to the city Convention for nominating a candidate for Mayor, &c. &c. The meeting being called to order, THOMAS BAKEWELL was nominated Chairman, and Alexander H. Miller appointed Secretary.

The following persons were elected delegates to the City Convention—James W. Baxter, Alexander H. Miller, David McClelland, John McKee and Thomas Simmons.

After which the following nominations were made:

Select Council—Thomas Bakewell for 3 years; William Douglass for 2 years.

Common Council—Thompson H. Douglass, Minas Tindle, David McClelland, Isaac Jones, William B. English.

School Directors—Alexander Jaynes and Alex ander Millar.

Assessor—William Whitaker.

Assistant Assessors—James Hartley and La Fayette Irwin.

Judge—Robert Rodgers.

Inspector—Alexander H. Miller.

Resolved, That Alexander Millar and Thomas Steel, Esqrs., be authorized to nominate a suitable candidate for Constable.

Resolved, That James A. Baxter, James A. Bartram, J. W. Cook, Edward Arthurs, John Walbridge, James M. Moorhead, William Whitaker, William Douglass, Robert Rodgers and James McDonald, be a committee of vigilance for the ensuing election.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers and published in the Whig papers of the city.

THOMAS BAKEWELL, Ch'n.
ALEX. H. MILLER, Sec'y.

FIRST WARD ALLEGHENY.—Pursuant to a call the citizens of the first ward, Allegheny, met at the house of J. Gheering, on Saturday the 20th inst. at 6½ o'clock P. M.

The meeting was organized by calling H. Nixon, Esq. to the chair, and Wm. Boyd, Secy.

On motion David Smith, Hugh Morrison, M. Knox, Thomas Smith and Wm. Boyd were elected delegates to meet in convention, with the delegates from the other wards, in the Council Chamber on Wednesday the 24th inst. at 7 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Mayor.

On motion the following persons were nominated—

Select Council—Thomas Smith.

Common Council—Wm. E. Stockton, David Smith, Hugh Martin, A. Stewart.

School Directors—G.G. Carpenter, Wm. A. Irwin, 3 years. R. P. Nevin, Hugh Wallace, 2 years.

Assessor—Wm. A. Charleton.

Assistant do. Dr. D. Hamilton, J. Robinson.

Judge of Election—Alexander Hays, Esq.

Inspector do M. A. KNOX.

Constable—D Potts.

H. NIXON, Pres't.
WM. BOYD, Secy.

FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY CITY.—An unusually large and animated meeting of the Whigs and Antimasons of the 4th ward, Allegheny city, was held in accordance with previous notice, on Saturday evening the 20th inst. at the house of J. Gordon, and was organized by calling Samuel Gormley, to the Chair, and appointing W. B. Copeland, Secy. The following gentlemen were placed in nomination for the approaching January election.

Select Council—Jacob Painter.

Common Council—B. A. Sampson, James Rowlong, Abm. Patterson, G. E. Warner.

Aldermen—W. B. Copeland, Benjamin Simmons.

School Directors—R. Rodgers, John Chambers, Richard Bard, Robert Fairman.

Assessor—E. Derby.

Assistant Assessor—John Patterson, Andrew Davidson.

Judge of Elections—William Fitzsimons.

Inspector " James Tassey.

Constable—A. Montgomery.

The following gentlemen were appointed delegates to the Convention to be held at the Council Chamber, on Wednesday evening the 24th inst., to nominate a candidate for the office of Mayor:

Delegates—Nathan Carlisle, John Chambers, E. Derby, A. Montgomery, Charles Falkner.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

SAMUEL GORMLEY, Ch'n.
W. B. COPELAND, Secy.

ICE.—The Allegheny is again frozen over above the Aqueduct. By this morning, we have no doubt that the channel below the Hand street bridge is closed.

MESSRS. JACOB & DRUCKER.—The establishment of these gentlemen, on Market street, will positively be closed on the 1st of January, as they intend leaving the city. They are selling off at extremely low prices. They will offer the balance of their stock at auction on Friday night.

DRY GOODS—We invite attention to the advertisements of Mr. Murphy, in another column. His stock is exceedingly large and elegant. In fact, if you wish to purchase beautiful dry goods, you cannot obtain better direction than by reference to the advertising columns of the Journal.

IF ANY ONE thought the weather was warm last night, he was laboring under a singular hallucination. The air was filled with snow, and the keen, cold wind, driving it into one's face, made walking anything but a pleasant exercise.

River Matters.

☞ Last evening there were three and a half feet water in the channel, and falling slowly.—There have been no arrivals or departures since our last. The weather was mild and pleasant for out-door transactions, as we had a slight snow during the forenoon.

☞ The new steamer Old Hickory, just completed at Louisville, intended for the Nashville and New Orleans trade, is of the following dimensions: Length, 245 feet; beam, 33 feet; hold 7½ feet; wheel, 28 feet; bucket, 14 feet. She has five 42 inch boilers, 28 feet in length; two magnificent engines of 10 feet stroke—made by those celebrated machinists, Glover, McDougall & Co.

The Louisville Courier, as usual, piles on the agony.

☞ There was a rumor in town, yesterday, that the new steamer "Union," Capt. McHenry was sunk below Wheeling. We could not trace it to any reliable source. We hope the rumor may prove false.

☞ The Cincinnati Enquirer of the 19th and 20th says, We learn from the Clerk of the El Dorado that the steamer Caspian from New Orleans for St. Louis, struck a snag below island 24, in the Mississippi, when the pilot immediately run her ashore, where she sunk, Boat and cargo supposed to be a total loss. No lives lost.

The Louisville, Empire, Alex. Scott, Dr. Franklin, Yorktown, Harkaway, and other boats that have been detained below, are all on their way up. The lower Mississippi was in the worst possible condition for navigation—4 feet water on 21 when the El Dorado passed, and rising. The Mississippi above the mouth was still closed by ice on Sunday.

Some New Orleans boats that were going, have hauled off.

The Nashville Whig of Tuesday, says:—The Cumberland, yesterday, was falling rapidly, and there is not more than eight or nine feet water on the shoals.

The St. Louis Reporter of the 15th, says:—A rise of about two feet has taken place in the river here, and the ice on it is becoming very soft.—Should the weather continue mild a few days longer, navigation will open to Cairo.

We learn by the North America, that the steamboat Neptune, bound from New Orleans for this port, is sunk at Plumb Point. Her machinery and part of her cargo will probably be saved.

The steamer Cincinnati was at Smithland, and would return from there to New Orleans.

The Monarch and Queen of the West were aground at Island No. 65, in the Mississippi.

☞ The steamer Circassian arrived at Cincinnati, on the 18th.

☞ The steamer El Dorado was to leave Cincinnati, for New Orleans, on the 19th.

☞ The steamer Belle of Illinois arrived at Cincinnati, on the 19th, from this place.

☞ The steamer North America, arrived at Cincinnati on the 19th, from New Orleans.

Weather and River.

The Cincinnati Gazette, of the 20th, says:—Thursday night was the coldest night we have had this winter, and yesterday the fiercest specimen of Yankee weather that has visited this region for a good long period. The river was filled with large cakes of ice all day, which increased in size and strength from morning till night. One or two steamboats, and a number of flat boats, that were ready to put out, were kept in port. Several of the latter were much damaged by the ice, and one of them cut into and sunk.

At this point the river is declining slowly, and apprehensions are entertained of another closing.

Naval Project.

A correspondent suggest to the Louisville Journal that the Portland canal be deepened to the depth of the river channel below the falls, that the locks be placed at the upper end of the canal in-

[illegible] excavated on the south side of the canal for a wharf and that aqueducts be run on each side of the canal to drive machinery and throw up water for the use of the city. The whole work to be done by the city of Louisville, and the city to be compensated by the water works, wharfage, and the sale of water power.

Another Steamer Sunk.

The steamer Neptune, bound for Cincinnati, sunk at Plum Point. Machinery and part of her cargo saved.

Commercial.

Cincinnati Market.

The Cincinnati Gazette of Saturday, has the following among other items:

FLOUR—No sales of round lots heard of from mill or store. A few sales from wagon at $4,70a75. Drug load sales from store continue at $4,90a5,00.

HOGS—The intensely cold weather yesterday shut the door against operations of any moment. A few loads wagon Hogs were received by packers at $3,75 3,87 and 4,00.

WHISKEY—Small sales from store at 22 1-2c per gallon. In the evening a sale of 31 bbls. at 22c.

GROCERIES—There is enough doing from N. Orleans yesterday and day before, the El Dorado, the North American and the Yorktown, bringing together 10 bags Coffee, 103 hhds. Sugar, 335 bbls. Molasses, and 23 tres. Rice. The Ohio Belle, Geo. Washington and Doctor Franklin are reported near at hand, with considerable additional supplies of the three articles first named. Some small sales of Sugar and Coffee were made at previous rates, and the market stood firm. Molasses was rather disposed to give way, and a few sales were made in the morning at a decline. Among these was a lot of 24 bbls. from store at 31c. In the afternoon we noted sales on the landing of 20 bbls. at 30., 21 and 50 bbls. at 31c., all cash, and 77 bbls. at 31c., 60 days interest added. In the evening there were offerings a fraction under these rates. Retail sales from stores at 32a33c.

United States Mail Service.

The Baltimore *Constitution* has the following statement of the amount of mail service performed in each state and territory of the United States, together with its cost during the year ending 30th June last:

States.	Miles of Service.	Cost.
Maine	1,041,003	$69,654
New Hampshire	675,589	46,338
Vermont	713,140	46,929
Massachusetts	1,646,477	128,445
Rhode Island	134,949	10,515
Connecticut	760,574	53,388
New York	4,831,036	360,665
New Jersey	709,920	58,194
Pennsylvania	2,787,912	152,917
Delaware	144,552	7,931
Maryland	912,288	131,730
Virginia	2,452,606	198,162
North Carolina	1,553,748	174,617
South Carolina	1,019,564	113,945
Georgia	1,388,940	149,761
Florida	333,974	42,354
Ohio	3,119,562	162,900
Michigan	806,206	47,783
Indiana	1,173,840	68,711
Illinois	1,647,934	130,523
Wisconsin	925,874	13,382
Iowa	147,213	7,381
Missouri	1,467,618	62,182
Kentucky	1,803,807	125,551
Tennessee	1,010,758	82,659
Alabama	1,388,354	268,266
Mississippi	920,662	95,212
Arkansas	513,156	32,259
Louisiana	318,812	36,830
	35,634,280	$2,897,991
Expenses of mail agencies incidental to steamboats and railroads		37,513
Total expense of transportion		$2,935,504
The transportation exceeds that of last year,		224,645
The cost is less than last year		64,791

QUACKS, BEWARE!—*Anatomical Surgical Operations.* The undersigned, professor of the Tonsorial Art will, during the ensuing winter, discharge the enormous duties incident to the diversified operations connected with the *Craniology* and *Physiognomy* of subjects requiring his attention.

The very ne plus ultra of surgical instruments, will be employed in his laboratory, and furnished to young practitioners who may indulge in the pleasures of experiments.

The Hydropathic department will be free of ice, even should the Mahommedan be below Cæsar, and a very general supply of French Perfumery in anticipation of a reduction of the Tariff, will be kept on hand.

To his friends and former patrons, he tenders salutations of health, with a hope that they will favor him with their patronage, at his new stand, which is now situated on Third street, between Wood and Market, opposite the Phœnix Livery Stable. [dec 12-1w] JOHN CURTIS.

POETRY.—The Poems of Southey, Shakespeare, Scott, Burns, Ossian, Crabbe, Heber and Pollock, Howitt, Milman and Keats, Rogers, Campbell, Lamb, Montgomery, Kirke, White, Collins, Gray, Beattie, Milton, Longfellow, Byron, Goldsmith, Cowper, Hemans, Landon, Sigourney, Elizabeth Cook, Barton, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Wills, Butler Smith.

Griswold's Poets and Poetry of England.
Longfellow's " " Europe.
Frost's British Poets.
Bullock's " "
Croley's " "
Festus, by P. J. Bailey. For sale by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER,
dec 10-ly No. 43 Market st.

Miscellaneous.

ELEGANT JUVENILE WORKS.—Among a large and extensive assortment of juvenile works, suitable for Holyday Presents, may be found the following: Mamma's birthday, very little tales, parts 1?2; stories for little Clara, clever stories, little lessons for little learners, Lucy and Arthur, my boy's first and second books, mothers' lessons, boys' and girls' little forget-me-not, Clara's amusements, child's own story book, little stories of little fishes, the blossoms of morality, rhymes for the nursery, the old oak chest, Robin Hood, Frank Fairfield, little Clara, the picture book, a present for the young, nursery songs, stories for Corinne, peep of day, line upon line, precept upon precept, the little gift, the little keepsake, Mrs. Barbauld's lessons, my own stories, work and wages, my early house, &c., at ROBERT CARTER'S,
dec 22 56 Market street, between 3d and 4th.

CHEAP BOOK STORE, *Federal street, Allegheny City,* McDOWELL & Co., have on hand a well selected assortment of theological, classical, miscellaneous and school books; amongst this assortment can be found Guizot's Gibbon, Kohlransh's history of Germany, Walpole's letters, Schlegel's history of literature, Schiller's Œsthelic prose, Browning's history of the Huguenots, Brougham's historical sketches, lives of men of letters and miscellanies, Madison Papers, Life of Jefferson, Ridder's Brazil, Napier's Peninsula war, pulpit cyclopedia, encyclopedia of religious knowledge, Benkatt's notes on the New Testament, Barn's notes on Isaiah, Patrick Leath, &c., commentary, Keith on the prophecies, records of Presbyterian church, McIlvaine on Justification, Creeler's complete concordance, Dick's theology, Olmstead's philosophy, Hedge's logic, Whately's logic and rhetoric, Olney's geography and atlas, Worcester do., Smith's do., Kirkham's grammar, Davies, Smith and do.'s arithmetic, Davies, Bonycastle and Harvey's algebra, Comstock's philosophy, physiology and chemistry, Tytler's history, Willard's U. States, Alridge's do., Barrett's geography of the heavens and Atlas, Anthon's sallust and Virgil, Gould's Virgil and Horace, Græca Manora, Græca Majora, Sophocles' Greek Grammar, Bullion's do., Fisk's do., Greek Testament, Groves' Greek and English Dictionary, Cicero's orations, Adams' latin grammar, Andrews and Stoddart's do., Andrew's latin reader, latin exercises and latin lessons, Viræ Romæ; McGuffey's, Sanders and Cobb's school books.

A number of the best medical works, family bibles, pocket bibles and testaments, book of common prayer, eastern writing paper, blank books, wrapping paper, fancy stationary, quills, steel pens, Hoover's superior ink, best quality printer's ink. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash.

Rags taken in exchange for books and stationary. dec 22

R. WATSON. D. R. GALWAY.
R. WATSON & Co., *Wholesale Grocers, Rectifying Distillers, and dealers in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, &c.*, No. 1 Commercial Row, corner of Liberty and Wayne streets, at canal basin, Pittsburgh, Pa. dec 22-ly

WM. HOLMES. JOHN HOLMES.
WM. HOLMES & CO., *Grocers*, corner of Market and Front sts. dec 22-ly

BERGER, WRIGHT & CO, Manufacturers of *Hammered Spades and Shovels, Hoes, Hay and Manure Forks, &c.*, Warehouse No. 99 Wood street, Pittsburgh. dec 22

Dr. R. Thompson's "Uterine Truss,"

PATRONISED and certified to, by more than two hundred of the most eminent physicians in the country, as being preferable to any thing else that has come under their notice, for Prolapsus Uteri, and other complaints of like character. This valuable Truss can be had at the Drug store of *H. SMYSER*, where it is extensively manufactured to order. dec 22-ly

MAMMOTH Pictorial Brother Jonathan, only 12½ cents. The cheapest gift of the season. It contains numerous wood engravings, executed in the best style and plenty of reading matter. for sale at Cooks Literary Dep't, 85 4th street. dec 22

PRAED'S POETICAL WORKS;
Orches from the Forest, by Caroline Gilman;
Longfellow's Spanish Student;
" Voices of the Night;
" Ballads;
Scenes in the Life of the Saviour, by the Poets and Painters;
Splendid edition of Wordsworth's Poems;
Lalla Rookh, and Lady of the Lake;
McDOWELL & Co.,
dec 22-ly Federal street, Allegheny city.

SUNDRIES—10 barrels Chipped Logwood;
12 " Copperas;
5 boxes Epsom Salts;
1 hhd. Yellow Ochre;
1 " Spanish Brown;
In store and for sale by A. J. BONNET,
dec 22-ly 162 Liberty st.

GROCERIES—50 bags prime Green Rio Coffee;
30 half chests Green and black Teas;
3 bags Pepper;
2 " Allspice;
10 barrels Loaf Sugar;
In store and for sale by A. J. BONNET,
dec 22-ly 162 Liberty st.

FINE TWILLED BLANKETS.—We have just opened a splendid lot of fine twilled blankets to which we invite the attention of the public.
ALEXANDER & DAY,
dec 22-ly 75 Market street, N. W. cor diamond.

LAMBS WOOL SHIRTS, and Drawers, a heavy article of lambs wool shirts and drawers, warranted not to shrink, on hand and for sale very cheap, by
ALEXANDER & DAY,
dec 22-ly 75, Market street, N. W. cor Diamond.

AMERICAN Premium Cassimere, a beautiful article of American premium Cassimere.
ALEXANDER & DAY,
dec 22-ly 75 Market street.

FISH—50 bbls zipped herring.
20 " No. 3, mackerel, "south catch."
20 " No. 2, "
10 bll bbls No. 1, "
10 quarter bbls. No. 1, mess mackerel.
In store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 22-ly No. 170 Liberty street.

GLASS—150 boxes 8-10 window glass.
" 50 " 10-12 "
dec 22 No. 170 Liberty street.

PURE Rye Whiskey—20 bbls old and very fine, in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 22-ly No. 170 Liberty street.

PRINCIPE SEGARS—Genuine, warranted genuine, just received and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
dec 22-ly No. 170 Liberty street.

PATENT TRUSSES, suited to every description of Rupture, with extra pads, which can be so graduated as to produce any amount of pressure; for sale on reasonable terms, at the drug store of H. SMYSER,
dec 22-ly corner Market and 3d sts.

EYE SALVE—A useful application in inflammation of the *Eye* and its membranes, for sale at the drug store of H. SMYSER,
dec 22-ly corner of Market and 3d sts.

FINE *SHELL OYSTERS* just received at
dec 22-3t BEALE'S.

100 PACKAGES Y Hyson, Imperial Gunpowder and Black Teas, in store and for sale by
dec 20 POINDEXTER & Co.

ALPACAS AND LUSTRES—W. R. Murphy invites buyers of these goods to look at his large stock, before making their purchases, his assortment being very complete, and at lowest cash prices. A few pieces lustre lately received, very superior, the finest ever imported.
dec 22-ly W. R. MURPHY'S.

LEAD PENCILS.—Finely graduated by different degrees of hardness, and distinguished by the mark on end, among which are
Engraving, very hard, H H H.
Engineering, hard, H H.
Architective, hard, H.
Extra Shade, very black, for shading, B B, &c.
Fine Drawing, middle degree, F.
Shade Black, for shading, B.
These Pencils are patronised by the most eminent Artists, Engineers, Designers, and Drawing masters in the United States.
A large lot just received and for sale at the New York wholesale prices, at the Drug Store of
dec 24-ly H. SMYSER, cor. Market & 3d sts.

A NEW NOVEL BY MISS PICKERING, and Magazines for November:—
The Poor Scholar, a novel by Ellen Pickering.
Love, a tale of Venice; and Mesmerism, a Mystery, by Horace Smith, Esq., author of Adam Brown, Arthur Arundell, Esq.
Mammoth Pictorial Brother Jonathon, for Christmas.
Graham's Magazine for January, splendidly illustrated.
Ladies' Magazine for January, with four highly finished steel engravings.
New York Illustrated Magazine of Literature and Art for January.
Harper's Shakespeare, Nos. 71 and 72.
Prescott's Miscellanies, Biographical and Critical, by W. H. Prescott, Esq., author of Conquest of Mexico, &c.
The History of Silk, Cotton, Linen, Wool, and other fibrous substances, including Spinning, Dying and Weaving of the Ancients. Illustrated with steel engravings.
Holmes' Life of Mozart, 1 vol.
Parker's Aids to English Composition.
MURPHY.
Second part Music of the Ethiopian Serenaders, 10 songs.
Music from the Opera of Guy Mannering.
Daughter of St. Marks, by Balfe.
Magic from the Opera of the Enchantress.
☞ For sale at COOK'S, 85 Fourth street. dec 10-ly

ANNUALS FOR 1846—
The Boudoir Annual;
Leaflets of Memory;
Friendship's Offering;
The Rose of Sharon;
Christian's Annual;
The Hyacinth;
The Keepsake;
The Juvenile Gem;
The Rosette. For sale by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER,
dec 17-ly No. 43, Market street.

Fifth Ward Livery Stable.

THE subscriber having bought out the well known Livery Stable kept by C. B. Doty, in the Fifth Ward, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he will keep at all times, a stock of the best description of Riding Horses, Buggies, Carriages of all kinds, and, in short, every thing required in his line of business.

A considerable portion of his stock is new, and he is confident that no stock in the city will be superior to his.

TERMS WILL BE MODERATE.

His stable is on Liberty street, a few doors above the canal bridge, where he respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. CHARLES COLEMAN.

☞ He is also provided with an elegant Hearse, which will be furnished when required. oct 22-tf

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of HISE & CARR, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to Robert Carr, and all persons having claims against said firm will present the same to said Carr, properly authenticated, for settlement.
JOHN HISE,
July 26, 1845. ROBERT CARR.

A CARD.—The business of the above Firm will in future be carried on by the undersigned, who will make to order and keep on hand at all times, all articles in the carriage making line, such as Buggies, Barouches, Sulkies, double and single seated Rockaways, etc.

Repairing done in the neatest manner, and with the utmost despatch. Terms reasonable.
CARR & ROWLAND,
At the old stand opposite Hare's wagon entrance,
aug 26-1y St. Clair st., near Allegheny Bridge.

To Printers.

TYPE FOUNDRY and Printer's Furnishing Warehouse. The subscribers have opened a new Type Foundry in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of job or fancy Type, Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rules, Stool, Column do., Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a Printing office.

The type are cast in new moulds, from an entirely new set of matrixes with deep counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold to suit the times.

Printing Presses furnished, and also Steam Engines of the most approved patterns.

N. B.—A machinist constantly in attendance to repair Presses and do light work.

Composition Rollers cast for Printers.

Editors of Newspapers who will buy three times as much type as their bills amount to, may give the above six months insertion, and send their papers containing it to the subscribers. CROCKFORT & OVEREND,
sep. 23. 63 Ann st.

Auction Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILL be sold, at the new Auction Rooms, Nos. 61 and 63, Wood street, on Monday, Dec. 29th, by order of the Sheriff, an entire retail stock of Dry Goods, fancy articles, boots, shoes, &c., for cash, par money. Clothcassimeres, flannels, doe skins, checks, satinetts muslins, table cloths, woollen shawls, prints, Pacific delaines, hams, alpacas, muslin de laines, Irish linen, Kentucky Jeans, shirts, breasts and collars, suspenders, gloves, pins, spool cotton, hosiery, cravats, woollen comforts, artificials, capes and fancy goods in great variety, youths' and men's brogans, women's shoes, men's slippers, boots, &c., tea, coffee, glassware, queensware, crockery, tobacco, segars, pedlars' boxes, show cases, &c. E. W. LYND,
dec 23 Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE at No. 72, Market street, Pittsburgh, sign of the Golden Bee Hive. As we are determined to close our entire stock before leaving the city, we have come to the conclusion to sell through Mr. McKenna, Auctioneer, the Goods remaining on hand. Our stock consists of almost every article found in a Dry Goods store. City and country merchants, as well as the public in general, will now have a chance of securing bargains, as the stock will be sold, by Auction, without reserve, on Friday next, the 26th day of December, at 10 o'clock, A.M., and will continue from day to day until all is sold.

Ladies attending the sale will be accommodated with seats.

Our stock consists of mouselin de laines, cashmere d'ecosse, chusuis, fulard silks, plain, barred and figured alpaccas, plain and figured bombazines, fancy lawns and balzarines, ginghams, calicoes, and chintzes, cotton and linen handkerchiefs, lawn and linen cambric handkerchiefs, shawls in great variety, such a de laine, thibet, silk, cashmere, blanket and other shawls, dress and bonnet silks, ribbons of every description, such as bounet, cap and every kind of plain and colored. Thread laces and edgings of the very best quality. Lisle and other cotton laces, edgings, &c., swedon caps, needle worked collars, embossed, embroidered and barred curtain muslins, cotton and silk fringes. Cambric, Swiss, bishop lawn, and book muslins, ties, dispers and napkins, plain and figured nettings, plain and figured bobbinetts, counterpanes, dimity, gloves, gambroons, drilling and other summer stuffs; cloths and cassimeres, vestings, flannels, cassinetts, yellow nankeens, bonnet lawns, shoes and slippers, braid and straw bonnets, spool cotton, tape, buttons, hooks and eyes, cotton cords, sewing silk, money purses, cotton stockings and half hose, &c., &c. Terms at sale. JACOB & DRUCKER.
dec 22-ly P. McKENNA, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE of a fancy Dressing Bureau, high post Bedstead, French Clock and Patent Lever Watch at Auction. At McKenna's Phœnix Auction Mart, No. 64, Market street, Simpson's Row, between Second and Third streets, this evening, Saturday, December 20th, at 7 o'clock, will be sold by order of Assignees—
1 Fancy Mahogany Dressing Bureau, with Looking Glasses, nearly new;
1 French Mantle Clock;
1 Patent Lever Watch. P. McKENNA,
dec 20-ly Auctioneer.

DRY GOODS AND FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—At McKenna's, No. 64, Market street, Simpson's Row, between Third and Fourth streets, on Monday next, December 29th, at 10 o'clock, A.M., will be sold a large and general assortment of seasonable Dry Goods.
At 2 o'clock, in the afternoon, Furniture, &c.
dec 20-ly P. McKENNA, Auct'r.

FRESH SMYRNA FIGS.—30 drums, in prime order, just rec'd and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 22-ly 140 Liberty st.

FANCY PRUNES.—24 boxes fancy Prunes, a beautiful article, received and for sale by
REINHART & JONES,
dec 22-ly 140 Liberty st.

CITRONS.—5 boxes fresh Citrons, rec'd and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 22-ly 140 Liberty st.

PEELED PEACHES—A few bushels on hand and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 22-ly 140 Liberty st.

RED CURRANT JELLY.—3 dozen jars on hand and for sale by REINHART & JONES,
dec 22-ly 140 Liberty st.

LEAF TOBACCO.—45 hhds. Kentucky segar leaf Tobacco, part extra wrapping, in store and for sale by
dec 22 ALEXANDER GORDON.

AN assortment of Roussel's and Lubin's Extracts, and Rosewood Extract Boxes, for sale by
J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 22-ly No. 45 Market st.

ORANGE FLOWER WATER, a superior article, for sale by J. M. TOWNSEND,
dec 22-ly No. 45 Market st.

ALISON'S HISTORY OF EUROPE, in 4 vols.; for sale by C. H. KAY,
dec 22-ly corner Wood and 3d sts.

NAPIER'S PENINSULAR WAR, 5 vols., and maps; for s

Address Cards.

A. FULTON, *Bell and Brass Founder*, corner of Second street and Chancery Lane. dec 20

A. LEXANDER & DAY, wholesale and retail dealers in *Dry Goods*, corner of Market street and the Diamond. dec 20

A. LLEGHENY TEA STORE.—*J. T. Chaffey*, Federal street, Allegheny. dec 20

A. LGEO, McGUIRE & CO., *Drapers and Tailors*, No. — Liberty street, above Irwin. dec 20

A. J. BONNET, *Grocer and Fruit Merchant*, No. 162 Liberty street. [sep 25] je 11

A. LEXANDER JAYNES, *Agent for Dr. Jaynes' Family Medicines*, No. 72 Fourth street. dec 20

A. BEELEN, Commission and Forwarding Merchant Third st., nearly opposite the Post Office. my 30-tf

A. LEXANDER GORDON, *Commission and Forwarding Merchant*, corner of Front street and Redoubt Alley. nov 24-1y

A. TWOOD, JONES & CO., *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, Water and Front sts., Pittsburgh. oct 21-1y

A. M. WALLINGFORD, *(successor to Wallingford & Taylor,)* Forwarding and Commission Merchant, and dealer in Pittsburgh Manufactures, Canal Basin, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct 1-1y

A. STUART, *Rectifying Distiller*, and wholesale dealer in Groceries, Wines and Liquors, No. 145, corner of Liberty street and Brewery alley, Pittsburgh. my 23-1y

A. NDREW SHAW, *Plasterer and Paper Hanger*, corner of Wylie and Tunnel streets. may 15-1y—3m*

A. KIRK LEWIS, *Attorney at Law*, Fourth street, below Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa. [ap 25] aug 14

B ARROWS & TURNER, dealers in *Staple Fancy Dry Goods*, No. 46 Market street, three doors from Third. dec 20

B OSWORTH & FORRESTER, *Booksellers and Stationers*, No. 43, Market street. dec 20

B ERGER, WRIGHT & CO., *Manufacturers of Hammered Shovels, Spades, &c.*, No. 99 Wood st. dec 20-1y

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., *wholesale and retail Druggists*, corner Sixth and Wood streets. dec 20

B. E. CONSTABLE, *Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods*, 83 Market street, Pittsburgh. nov 18-1y

B. PERRY, *Fashionable Boot Maker*, (formerly of the Monongahela House, Burnt District, one door from the corner of Third and Wood streets. dec 20

B LACK & LIGGETT, *Attorneys at Law*, Burke's Buildings, Fourth street, Pittsburgh. sep 1-1y

B AGALEY & SMITH, *Wholesale Grocers*, 18 and 20, Wood street, Pittsburgh. dec 20

C ARR & ROWLAND, *Carriage Makers*, St. Clair street, entrance at Hare's wagon yard. dec 20

C HARLES COLEMAN, *Fifth Ward Livery Stable*, near the Canal Bridge. dec 20

C HARLES H. PAULSON, *Hat and Cap Manufacturer*, No. 73, Wood street. dec 20

C. EVANS, manufacturer and patentee of *Evans' Alloy and Metallic Expansion Safety Guards*, Penn street, near Water. dec 20

C. E. MINER, *Periodical Agency*, Smithfield street, 3d door from Third street. dec 20

C OOLEY & LAIRD, *Monongahela Clothing Store*, No. 2 Wood street, 2d door from Water. dec 20

C RUMPTON & CO., manufacturers of *Adamantine Star Candles*, No. 36, Water street. dec 20

C LARENCE SHALER, *Attorney at Law*, Fourth street, opposite Burk's Building. dec 20

C HARLES H. KAY, *Wholesale and Retail Bookseller Paper Dealer, Stationer and Book Binder*, corner of Wood and Third sts. sep 16

C. L. MAGEE, *Hat and Cap Manufacturer*, No. 42 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. sep 29

C HARLES M. HAYS, *Attorney at Law*, Fifth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, at the office of Mr. Dunlop. [sept 30] my 22

D. SANDS, *Clock and Watchmaker*, No. — Fifth street. dec 20

D AVID CLARK, *Boot and Shoe Maker*, No. 139 Wood street, above Fifth. dec 20

D. BUSHNELL, *Coal Dealer*, office corner Cherry Alley and Water street. dec 20

D R. EDRINGTON, Liberty street, opposite Ferry. my 22-1y

D R. RADCLIFFE, *Homœopathic Physician*.—Office No 40, St. Clair street, near the bridge. oct 24

D. KINKEAD, *Merchant Tailor*, Fourth street, near the corner of Wood. dec 20

D R. WM. M. WRIGHT, *Dentist*, has removed his office and dwelling to St. Clair street, between Liberty and Penn. sep 30-tf

E. W. LYND, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant*, and Wholesale Dealer in Dry Goods, McClurg's Iron Front, Nos. 61 and 53 Wood st.

E LI EDMUNSON, *Upholster*, Third street near Wood. dec 20

F. S. TURBETT, *Clock and Watchmaker*, Fifth street. dec 20

F ORWARD & SWARTZWELDER, *Attorneys at Law* Bakewell's Building, Grant street, between Fourth st. and Diamond alley. je 10-tf

G EORGE BAILEY, *Plumber and manufacturer of Pumps and Hydrants*, Fourth street, between Smithfield and Cherry Alley. dec 20

G ILLESPIE & KENNEDY, *Manufacturers of Looking Glasses*, No. 76 Wood st. dec 20-1y

G. SPLANE & SON, *Cabinet and Chair Makers*, Fifth street, opposite the Theatre. dec 20

G EORGE COCHRAN, *Forwarding and Commission Merchant*, No. 26 Wood street. dec 20

G REGG & EATON, manufacturers of *White and Red Lead*, Fourth street, near Market. sept 1-1y

G. M. HARRISON & CO., *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, No 57, Water street. dec 20

G EORGE WILSON, Importer and Manufacturer of Cigars, Snuff and Tobacco, West side of Market street, between Second and Front. dec 20

G EORGE R. MASSEY, No. 9, Market street, Pittsburgh, Importer of Iron, stone, China, Glass Ware, Cornelius & Co.'s lamps for oil or lard, &c., &c. nov 25-1y

G EORGE S. WILLIAMS, *Grocer*, and dealer in country Produce, No. 25 Smithfield street, between Front and Second, Pittsburgh. dec 22

H ENRY ERRETT, *Steam Band Box Factory*, No. 24 Fourth street, near Ferry. dec 20

H. SMYSER, *Druggist and Apothecary*, corner Market and Third streets. dec 20

H AYS & GETTY, wholesale and retail dealers in *Hardware*, No. 61 Market st. dec 20

H. H. RYAN, *Cabinet Maker*, Fifth street, opposite Exchange Bank. dec 20

H ORN & ELLIS, Manufacturer of all kinds of Shoemakers' Tools and Elastic Trusses. Rear of 71 Race street, Philadelphia. my 3

I SAAC HARRIS, *Agent and Commission Merchant*, No. 9 Fifth street. dec 20

I RWIN & FOSTER, *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, Front street, Cincinnati. aug 26

J. K. HENDERSON, manufacturer of *Portable Window Blinds*, west end of Hand street Bridge, Allegheny City. dec 20

J OHN McCLOSKEY, *Draper and Tailor*, Three Big Doors, Liberty street. dec 20

J. STEWART, *Upholster*, Smithfield street, between Sixth and Virgin alley. dec 20

J. B. CRAIG, *Watch and Clock Maker*, No. 52 Diamond alley. dec 20-1y

J. M. TOWNSEND, *Druggist and Apothecary*, No. 45 Market street, 3 doors from Third. dec 20

J AMES LEMON, *Undertaker*, Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield. dec 20

J. CANNON, wholesale and retail dealer in *Dry Goods*, No. 88 Market street. dec 20

J OHN McDOWELL LEAVITT, *Attorney at Law*, Cincinnati, Ohio. dec 20

J ONES & QUIGG, *Steel Spring and Axle Manufacturers*, corner of Ross and Front st. dec 20

J ACOB & DRUCKER, *Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods*, No. 72, Market street. dec 20

J. D. McILROY, *Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Works* north-east corner of the Diamond. dec 20

J AMES PARK, JR. & CO., *Wholesale Grocers*, Importer of Tin Plate, Queensware, No. 112 Second street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, opposite the old stand. nov 10-1y

J OHN PARKER, *(Successor to J. & J. Parker,)* Wholesale Grocer, dealer in Produce, Foreign Wine, Liquors, No. 5 Commercial Row, Liberty street. Pittsburgh. jy 2

J. KENNEDY & CO., manufacturers of *fancy and common Brushes*, No 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. dec 22

J. W. ROBERTSON & CO., *Bankers and Exchange Brokers*, Corner of Third and Wood streets, Merchants' Hotel Buildings, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J EAN T. HERBST, *Teacher of Modern Languages*, Pitt street, first house from Liberty. Hours of Tuition, in city and then from 9 to 9:30, M.

J OHNSON & SMITH, *(successors to Johnson & Weaver,)* Commission, Receiving and Forwarding Merchants, Broad street, Nashville, Tenn. aug 18

J OHNSTON & STOCKTON, *Printers, Booksellers and Stationers*, No. 44 Market street, Pittsburgh. my 22-tf

J AMES M'KAIN, *Hat and Cap Manufacturer*, No. 77 Wood street, Pittsburgh. sep 1-1y

J OSEPH S. LOWRY, *Fashionable Tailor*, over M'Vay & Bidwell's, corner of Market and Fifth, entrance on Fifth. sep 30 je 7-tf

J OSEPH G. DAVIS, *Grocery and Boat Store*, No. 36, Water street, Pittsburgh. oct 10

J OHN W. BLAIR, *Wholesale and Retail Brush Manufacturer*, No. 129, Wood street, Pittsburgh. oct 3

J OHN H. FOLLIT, *Gunsmith*, Main street, Birmingham. dec 20

M. R. RUEY & CO., *wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchant*, No. 57 Water, and 108 Front street, Pittsburgh, Pa. dec 22-1y

L UKE LOOMIS, *Agent, Bookseller and Paper Dealer*, No. 89 Wood street. dec 20

M ARTIN LYTLE, *Family Grocer*, Smithfield street, next door to Fifth Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep 25] june 9-tf

M. ALLEN & CO., *Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, Front street, between Wood and Market. ap 16-tf

M'DOWELL & CO., *Booksellers and Stationers*, Federal street, Allegheny City. dec 20

M. D. & J. PATTON, No. 154 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, wholesale dealers in Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Salt, Seed, and other Produce. sep 27-1y

M RS. HERBST'S *Boarding House*, No. 1, Pitt street. The French, Spanish, German, and other languages spoken in the house. oct 7

M AGRAW & M'KNIGHT, *Attorneys at Law*—Have removed their office to the new Court House, in the room over the Sheriff's Office. jan 18

M ILLER & RICKETSON, *Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants*, No. 170, Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct 6-1y

M'LAIN & JOHNSON, *Hat and Cap Manufacturers, and dealers in Furs and Trimmings*, No. 133 Liberty street, two doors from Sixth. dec 2

M ONONGAHELA ROUTE.—*Change of Hour.*—On and after Monday next, the 20th inst., the Steam Packets on this route, will leave daily at 3 o'clock, P. M. oct 17 FERGUS MOREHEAD, Agent.

M ERCHANT'S HOTEL, *B. Weaver*, corner of Third and Smithfield streets. dec 20-1y

O GDEN & SNOWDEN, *(Successors to Avery, Ogden & Co.,)* Wholesale and Retail Druggists, and manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, and Lytharge, corner of Wood and Second streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov 10-1y

Address Cards.

O LIVER P. SHIRAS, *Brewer*, Point Brewery, Pitt street. dec 20-1y

P ITTSBURGH GYMNASIUM, *John McClelland*, Commercial Buildings, Third street, near the Post Office. dec 20-1y

P. C. MARTIN, Wholesale and Retail Grocer and dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, &c., No. 60, Water street. dec 20

P OINDEXTER & CO., *Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants*, Water street. my 13

P. McKENNA, *Auctioneer and Commission Merchant*, No 64, Market street. dec 20

P ENNSYLVANIA FORGE, *Pittsburgh*.—EVERSON & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Hammered Iron. sep 9

R. W. POINDEXTER. A. CULBERTSON.

POINDEXTER & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Front and Water sts. Pittsburgh. dec 20

R OBERT DONOVAN, *Manufacturer of Stoves and Hathaway's Patent Hot Air Cooking Stoves*, No. 124, Wood street. dec 20

R OBT. E. SELLERS, *Wholesale and Retail Druggist*, No. 57, Wood street. dec 20

R OBERT PORTER, *Attorney at Law*, Smithfieldd street between Diamond alley and Fourth st. cec20-ly

R. WATSON & CO., *Wholesale Grocers and Rectifying Distillers*, No. 1 Commercial Row, Liberty street. dec 20 ly

R. DEAN, *Manufacturer of Kid Gloves*, McKelvy's Row Penn street. dec 20

R. H. HARTLEY, *Saddle, Harness and Trunk Manufacturer*, No. 86, Market street. dec 20

REINHART & JONES, *Grocers and Fruiterers*, No. 140, Liberty street, Pittsburgh. nov 19-1y

R OWE & DAVIS, *Engine Builders*, Corner of Short and Second streets, Pittsburgh. [je 13] oct 31

R OBERT CARTER, *Publisher and Bookseller*, No. 58 Canal street, New York, and No. 56 Market street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh. aug-1y

R OBB & M'CONNELL, *Attorneys at Law*—Office, Philo Hall, over the Post Office, Third street. nov 13-1y

S HALER & SIMPSON, *Attorneys at Law*, Fourth street near Market. dec 20

S AMUEL EAKINS, *Jeweller*, Union street, near Fifth.—Engraving, Die-Sinking, &c., neatly executed, and Jewelry of all descriptions made or repaired to order. may 21

S PANG & CO., *Manufacturers of Juniata Iron, and Nails and Steel*, Warehouse, No. 37 and 38, Water st. dec 20

S MITH, BAGALEY & CO., *Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers*, No. 223, Market street, between Fifth and Sixth, North side, Philadelphia. dec 20

T HOMAS ROSE, *Ladies' and Men's Boot and Shoe Maker*, No. 40 Diamond alley. dec 20

T HOMAS HAGUE, *Boot and Shoe Maker*, Cedar street, Allegheny city, near Hand st. Bridge. dec 20-1y

T AYLOR & MASON, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law*, St. Louis, Mo.—Office 94½ Main street. jan 30-tf

T ASSEY & ROBINSON, *Attorneys at Law*, Lowrie's Buildings, Fourth street. jy 21-1y

T HOMAS DONNELLY, *Attorney at Law*.—Office at Law Chambers, on Fifth street, adjoining the Court House. [sept 25] sept 19-1y

T HOMAS ARNOLD, *Lock and Vault Door Manufacturer*, Warehouse, Diamond Alley, between Diamond alley and Wood street. dec 20

W ARRICK MARTIN & CO., Bankers and Exchange Brokers, north-east corner of Wo odand Third streets, Pittsburgh. oct 6-1md&w

W ILLIAM THORN, *Apothecary and Druggist*, No 53, Market street. dec 20

W. M. E. AUSTIN, *Attorney at Law*, Bakewell's Building, Grant street, Pittsburgh. oct 21-1y

W. M. LEES, *Steamboat, House and Sign Painter*, corner of Front and Short streets, Pittsburgh. se 30-1y

W ILLIAM SEELEY, *Merchant Tailor*, No. 14 South 5th street, Philadelphia. oct 1-1y

W. M. HOLMES & CO., *Wholesale and Retail Grocers*, corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct 2-1y

W. M. A. WARD, *Dentist*, Penn street, two doors below Irwin. dec 20

W ILLIAM COLEMAN, *Steel, Steel Springs and Axles*, No. 42, St. Clair street. dec 20

W. M. BAKEWELL, *Attorney at Law*, Bakewell's Buildings, Grant street. dec 20

W. M. LARIMER, Jr., *Exchange and Money Broker*, Fourth street, 4th door from Market. my 22-tf

New Hat and Cap Store.

CHAS. H. PAULSON, *(late of the firm of Paulson & Gill,)* having opened his new store at No. 73 Wood street, next door to the corner of Fourth, is now manufacturing and receiving from the Eastern cities, a very large assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

of every description, warranted to be made in the best manner, and of the best materials. Otter, Seal, fine and common Muskrat, Sealette, Hair Seal, Plush, and Glazed Caps.

Also, a fine assortment of Ladies' Furs, such as Lynx, Fitch, Genet and Coney MUFFS and TIPPETS, and FUR TRIMMINGS, all of which he offers for sale at *Eastern prices for Cash*, both wholesale and retail.

Country merchants will please call and examine my stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

CHAS. H. PAULSON.

M. B.—The Fall Fashion for Hats and Caps received. sep 27

Allegheny Tea Store.

JUST RECEIVED, 10 half chests Fine Rio Coffee, 10 kegs Butter, 20 boxes Raisins, 2 casks fine Currants, 150 bottles Tomato Catsup, 10 boxes Starch, 5 boxes No. 1 Cincinnati Soap, 20,000 H. S. Segars, Pepper, Allspice, Rice, together with a large and general assortment of Groceries.

Also, a fresh arrival from the Eastern cities, Jeans, Blankets, Meltons, Flannels, Comforts, Mitts, Linseys, Checks, &c., &c.

The whole of which will be sold at a very small advance on Eastern costs. J. T. CHAFFEY.

nov 11-2w

NOTICE.—The subscribers having come to the conclusion to close their store on the 25th inst., offer the balance of their stock below Eastern cost. They politely request their customers and the public in general, to call and benefit by the opportunity they have now to procure bargains. The following articles are much lower than they can be bought by the package in the East:

Fine Cambric Hdkfs., colored borders, 5 to 8 cents;
Linen hemstitched do., 25 cents;
8-4 Blanket Shawls, 50c., worth $1;
4-4 Taglioni do., 75c., worth $1.50;
Cashmere, Thibet, and other Shawls, in the same proportion.
Damask Linen Table Cloth, 75 cents;
do. Napkins $1.50.
Curtain Muslin of every description, from 15 to 23 cts., worth from 25 to 37 cts.;
Needlework Curtain Muslin, only 28c., worth 50 cents;
Muslin de Laines, Repps, Cashmere de l'Cosse, etc., at half their value.
Prints at 12½c. worth 18¾ cents;
Do. 15c. do. 25 cents.
Painted Lawns and Balzarines, good styles, cheaper than they have ever been offered before.
Alpaccas in great variety, from 25c. to 37½c., worth 62½c.
Counterpanes $1.75 to $4.00, a great bargain.
Ribbons, Silks, and white goods of every description.

JACOB & DRUCKER.

No. 72, Market st., Pittsburgh, 72 Federal st., Allegheny city.

☞ Merchant Tailors and Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

TO RENT—Our store in Allegheny city. dec 9-1y

PENNOCK & MITCHELL, *Union Foundry*, Warehouse on Liberty street, opposite Brown's Row, Pittsburgh.

ALWAYS ON HAND:

Stoves and Grates,	Tea Kettles, Sad Irons,
Wagon Boxes, of all sizes,	Tailors & Hatters' do.
Plough Castings, all kinds,	Counter Weights, &c.
Hollow Ware,	Iron and Nails.

☞ Mill Castings, &c. made to order. feb 1

C. FOSTER & CO.—TO PRINTERS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES.—Charles Foster late Foreman of the Cincinnati Type Foundry, and inventor and builder of the Press called Foster's Power Press, now used by the Cincinnati Atlas, the Enquirer, Kendal & Barnard, also the Frankfort Commonwealth, the Indiana State Journal, Cutler & Chamberlin, formerly State Printers, Indiana, &c., &c., also the press lately used to print Cassius M. Clay's paper, Lexington, Kentucky, now sold to Printers in the Western States and elsewhere, that after an experience of 14 years, he has, in connection with Bevan, Scott & Co., in the city of Cincinnati, established the manufactory of Power Presses, (being the only one West of the Mountains,) and Presses, the Washington, Smith, and Franklin Presses of all sizes. Also, Chases, Composing Sticks, Brass Rules, Type Cases, Galleys, Card, Job and Embossing Presses, Printers' and Bookbinders' Materials of all kinds. We will furnish Printers' Ink, Cuts, Rules, Fancy Job Type from the Cincinnati Type Foundry, New York; and also Western Type, manufactured at Cincinnati. All orders directed to C. Foster & Co., corner 7th and Smith streets, Cincinnati, or to the subscribers, Agents for the above Foundry, 44 Market street Pittsburgh, will receive prompt attention. JOHNSTON & STOCKTON.

sep 10-tf

TREMENDOUS EXCITEMECT IN THE LITERARY WORLD!—*More new books at Cook's Literary Depot, 85, Fourth street*—

The Soldier of Lyons, or the Tuileries, by Mrs. Gore, author of Abednego, the Money Lender, &c.

The Charity sister, a tale by the Hon. Mrs. Erskine Norton.

Francis Abbott, or the Hermit of Niagara; a tale of the old and new world.

The Farmer's Library for December.

The Last Ship, or the bombardment of Falmouth, by Prof. Ingraham.

Review of the Relations between the United States and Mexico, and of the citizens of the United States against Mexico, by Richard S. Coxe.

Knickerbocker for December.

Hunt's Merchants' Magazine for December.

The Child of the Islands, by Hon. Mrs. Norton.

The Eclectic Magazine for December.

The American Review

Statistics of the Woollen Manufactures in the United States, by the proprietor of the condensing cards.

Pictorial History of the World, No. 11, by John Frost.

MUSIC.

Gems of English Song, 25 cents.
Love Not and Fra Diavolo Quicksteps, 6½c.
The Outward Bound, by Mrs. Norton, 6½c.
Seven favorite songs for the Guitar, 12½c.
The fine old English Gentleman, 6½c.
We have been friends together, 6½c.
Also, a fine assortment of Ferret & Co.'s cheap music, for sale wholesale and retail at Cook's, 85 4th st. dec 17-1y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Jones & Coleman was dissolved on the 1st of January, by mutual consent, and the said Jones is fully authorized to settle up the business of the late firm. ISAAC JONES,

Pittsburgh, Jan. 14, 1845. WM. COLEMAN.

All those having accounts to settle with the late firm of Jones & Coleman, will please call at Jones & Quigg's Steel Works and Spring Factory, corner of Ross and Grant sts.

John McDowell Leavitt,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Cincinnati, O., will promptly attend to the collection of all claims which may be entrusted to him, and will practice in his profession in the various courts at Cincinnati, and also in the District and Circuit Courts of the United States in the State of Ohio.

Office on the N. W. corner of Third and Sycamore sts., near the Post Office.

Cincinnati, October 4, 1845.

REFERENCES IN PITTSBURGH.

Atwood, Jones & Co.,	Wm. Bell & Sons,
W. H. Denny, Esq., Cash'r,	John Anderson & Sons,
Robert Peebles, Esq.,	James Ross, Jr., Esq.

oct 11-3md sw [nov 19]

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.—A large assortment of Gold and Silver Lever, Lepine, and Common WATCHES, for sale low by

D. SANDS,

dec 20-3t No. 7 Fifth st., near Market.

Clothing.

War with Mexico Declared!

MONONGAHELA CLOTHING STORE, No. 2, Wood street, second door from the corner of Water, Cooley & Laird proprietors. The undersigned takes this method of announcing to their customers and the public generally, that they have just received from the East, and offer for sale at the above stand, a large and well selected assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and materials of every description, having been purchased for cash on the most advantageous terms, they are enabled to offer as CHEAP as can be sold in the Western Country.

Their assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING

is large, and has been manufactured from the best materials, and by excellent workmen.

They have constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order, all articles of Clothing, which *they will warrant* to be made in the best manner and most FASHIONABLE STYLE.

☞ They invite the public to call and examine their stock of goods, as they are confident they can sell good articles at prices which cannot fail to please.

Remember the place.—No. 2, Wood street, second door from the corner of Water. sept 26

A Choice Selection of Gentlemen's Wear

AT the *People's Clothing Store*, No. 77 East Corner of Sixth and Liberty streets. The subscriber having returned from the East, is now opening at No. 77, a complete and extensive assortment of Fall and Winter Goods for Gentlemen's CLOTHING, selected by himself from the latest of this Fall's Importations, embracing in part—French, English, American and Belgian CLOTHS; English, French, and American plain and fancy CASSIMERES; figured silk Velvet; figured woolen Velvet; striped Cashmere Vestings; French and English Black Satins; plain and figured Beaver Cloths; Pilot, and heavy Cassimere and Tweed COATINGS; plain and figured Satinetts, &c.

☞ Those in the habit of having their work made to order, would do well to call at No. 77, where they will always find a choice selection of the newest style of goods, and at prices which will meet with their approval. From his long experience as a practical cutter, he is enabled to have work made up in a fashionable and superior manner. He is now prepared to fill all orders for

FALL AND WINTER READY-MADE CLOTHING.

His stock is large, and has been manufactured from the newest and best materials, at prices much lower than heretofore could be afforded. A large assortment of New York and Philadelphia manufactured SHIRTS kept always on hand.

He returns thanks for the very liberal patronage which has been bestowed upon his establishment, and hopes to merit the continuance of the same by prompt attention to business. THOS. McCANCE.

☞ Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Suspenders, &c., always on hand. [sep 25] sep 10-6m

GENTLEMEN'S READY MADE LINEN AND FURNISHING STORE.—M. A. WILLIS, No. 217, Chesnut street, North side, three doors above Seventh, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, and for sale, an extensive and general assortment of ready made Linen and Muslin Shirts, Linen Collars and Shirtees, Under Shirts and Drawers, Silk, Cotton, Merino and Lambswool, of various qualities, Gloves, Hosiery, Scarfs, Cravats, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, in great variety, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine her stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Those wishing to furnish their own Linen, can have it made to order in the best and latest fashions at very short notice. my 24

Clothing.

D. KINKEAD, *Merchant Tailor*, has returned to the Burnt District in Fourth street, near the corner of Wood, where he will be happy to see his old friends and customers, and serve them in any article of Clothing as reasonable as any other establishment in the city. dec 20

Boots and Shoes.

David Clark, Boot and Shoe Maker.

Informs his friends and the public that he has removed his business to Wood st., above Fifth, next door to M'Cully & Co., 139, where he is prepared to supply all demands for gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES of every description, his lasts all being new and of the latest fashion and approved construction. His materials are the best can be procured in the east; and from his extensive experience and strict attention to business he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage.

D. C. also manufactures boots with the latest improved springs and steel shanks. aug 18

Autumn's Warning.

I HAVE come, I have come, to lay bare the green trees
And to sweep with the fading leaf with my turbulent breeze;
I have come to strip lodges while rushing along,
And to silence the note of the warbler's song.
I have come with my mist and my cold falling dew,
To tell you that winter will soon be in view.
I have come to give warning that all ought to wear
The new style of GUMS that excludes the damp air.

I mention these articles because I know well,
That none in the city their beauty excel;
All women who say this in all truth are found,
Such durable articles there ne'er can be found,
These Gems, you will find, are sure to resist
The cold blowing breeze and the chill Autumn mist.

My breezes may blow and my vapors may fall,
But the mineralized Gum is sure to stand all.
You'll never have cause to regret what you're done,
In purchasing shoes made of Mineralized Gum.
Then take my advice, and wear the Gum shoes;
And remember you're true Autumn news.

A general assortment of BOOTS, SHOES and SLIPPERS, at No. 73, Market street, opposite Wilcox's Drug Store, corner of the Diamond, by

oct 24-s&wtf WM. T. ALBREE.

A. Fulton.

BELL AND BRASS FOUNDER, has re-built and commenced business at his OLD STAND, where he will be pleased to see his old customers and friends. He will also keep on hand a full supply of copper, from 10 to 10,000 pounds, and other articles not on the list of materials. Mineral Water Pumps, Counters, Railing, etc. etc., together with an assortment of Brass Castings, if required, turned and finished in the neatest manner.

☞ A. F. is the sole agent for *Babbit's Anti Attrition Metal*, so justly celebrated for Companions can be had of him at all times. nov 4-1y

Good Things! Good Things!

AT the *Western Eating House*, under the Post Office, in Third street, and kept by the subscriber. Meals served up on the shortest notice, and an elegant and cheerly furnished dining table kept, spread with all sorts of delicacies, as well as the most approved current culinary preparations.

☞ Regular Dinner at quarter past 12 o'clock.

Oysters can always be had at all hours of the day and night, the subscriber having fitted up his rooms to accommodate his patrons in this respect also, and has made arrangements for a regular supply of

FRESH OYSTERS

during the season. The subscriber can at any time furnish one or more families to serve up Oyster Tea Parties, to cook and wait upon Dinner Parties, &c.

If cleanliness, neatness, and attention, be a merit, he solicits a liberal patronage. JAMES WILLIAMS.

oct 7-3m

AN IMPORTANT SITUATION OFFERED.—A branch Agent is wanted in connection with the Globe Union Agency, in the city of Louisville, Ky. He will have to take charge of a sett of books, to be opened for different branches of business in the city of Pittsburgh, and attend to such duties as are usually embraced within a general agency.

The most unquestionable reference as to honesty will be expected from applicants. Applications post paid and addressed to the directors of the Agency, will be receivable until the 1st of January next. JAS. P. HAMILTON,

nov 18-4tl Agent General for the Directors.

☞ GLOBE UNION AGENCY, Louisville, Ky. No Agent, itinerant or local, is permitted to make contracts or engagements for the central office at Louisville, Ky., unless he can show written instructions to that effect bearing the *official seal*. As far as that goes, so far as it entails a responsibility which the directors at Louisville, Ky., will assume. JAMES HAMILTON,

nov 18-4t wlm Agent General.

To Country Merchants and Others.

KID GLOVE MANUFACTORY, *McKeever Row, Penn street*. The subscriber respectfully informs the public that since the fire he has removed his

KID GLOVE MANUFACTORY

to the above stand, where he will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

THE BEST QUALITY OF KID GLOVES.

From fifteen years experience in all the branches of his business, both in Europe and America, the subscriber hopes to be able to give complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. R. DEAN.

je 2-1y [sep 25]

FORTY YEARS EXPERIENCE, will enable me to execute any orders I may be favored with, for every description of silver plated, brass, japanned and tinned saddlery, carriage and harness trimmings. Also—house door furniture, such as door plates, bell pulleys, finger plates, door locks, knobs, astricals, &c., either of silver, brass or composition, door knockers, or name plates, from $1.50 to $5. each.

Wanted Immediately—1 first-rate Silverplater, at house work; 1 first-rate Blacksmith, by piece work, 1 first-rate Blacksmith to make iron Hames by piece work; 1 good hand at making wood Hames.

Wanted to Purchase—1 good Lathe for turning brass work, price about $80. Wanted to rent, a good house and shop, for manufacturing purposes.

I may be found at present at the Beaver House, Second street.

N. B. I would have no objections to be connected with a Hardware Merchant, as I believe I can furnish the above named articles as low as they are made in any city in the United States. An interview may be had, and further information given. GEORGE THARP, Silverplater.

dec 9

Latest News from Santa Fe!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED HOSE FACTORY.—R. H. HARTLEY, *No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley*, keeps constantly on hand, and manufactures to order, all kinds of Fire, Garden, and Steamboat HOSE, Copper and Iron riveted, manufactured of the best materials, and equal to any east or west.

☞ Orders left with Andrew Fulton, Bell and Brass Founder, or at my Saddle, Harness and Trunk Store, will be punctually attended to.

Also, Machine Bands, double and single riveted, manufactured to order. All kinds of Hose and Bands required at works, warranted, and prices to suit the times.

jy 8-1y

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given, that in conformity with the directions of the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, a Plan or Specification of the location and limits of the extension or continuation of Walnut street, now called Hemlock street, from the Eastern termination of the said street, to the Western termination of Hemlock street, as hereinafore designated, in the Plan of said City, has been made and deposited in the office of the Recording Regulator of said City, for public examination and inspection.

JAMES MILLER,

dec16-tf Street Commissioner.

ANIMAL MAGNETISM.—The subscriber having been very successful in the practice of the above science, and its application to the cure of diseases, by the advice of many friends and in accordance with his own sense of duty, offers his services to the afflicted, in proposing to cure, by Magnetism, the following diseases, viz: all cases of acute and inflammatory Rheumatism, Gout, Milk Leg, Tic Doloreux, Toothache, Bronchitis, Paralysis, Palsy, Epilepsy, Fits, Cramp, Palpitation of the Heart, Apoplexy, Stiffness of the Joints, Spinal Complaints, Deafness, Neuralgia, general debility, deficiency of nervous energy, and all nervous disorders. Persons also put into a magnetic sleep, for dental and surgical operations. He can be consulted at all hours at his house on Fourth street, between Smithfield and Cherry alley, where certificates and testimonials of cures already performed by him, can be seen at all times. P. A. WESTERVELT.

nov 15-tf

Select School.

H. WILLIAMS has opened a Select School in the room above Mr. Dyer's Grocery, Federal Street, Alleghe ny, formerly occupied by Mr. Samuel Blood, and a few doors above the Post Office.

Terms per Quarter of Eleven weeks.

Primary Class $6 per Scholar.
Junior " 8 "
Senior " 10 "

REFERENCES—R. D. Elliott, D. D., Rev. D. H. Riddle, D. D., Rev. A. D. Campbell, D. D., Hon Charles Shaler, Joseph P. Gazzam, M. D., Charles H. Israel, Esq. sep 1-tf

For Sale and To Let.

Valuable Hotel Property For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, his very valuable property, situated on the corner of Federal and Isabella streets, in Allegheny city, near the end of the old Allegheny Bridge, well known as the

EMMET HOTEL.

The hotel itself, is a large, convenient and substantial brick dwelling, occupying 44 feet front on Federal street, by 100 feet on Isabella street, and the extensive stable, carriage house, &c., occupy 42 feet in front on Isabella street, by 88 back to Race alley. It was built expressly for a hotel and possesses every convenience adapted for the purpose. The house is well finished and in excellent order and repair; the stables are well built and substantially constructed, and can accomodate from 60 to 80 horses, the carriage house is large and commodious, an excellent ice house is also built on the premises. The location of the property is one of the best and most advantageous that can any where be found, and it will present many inducements to any person desirous of conducting the business or wishing to make a safe and profitable investment of his money.

The title (which is fee simple) is unquestionable, and the terms will be moderate and accomodating. Every information will be furnished on application, (if by letter, post paid,) to the subscriber on the premises. Possession given at any time after one month's notice:

Aug 21-tf nov 26 HUGH SWEENY.

FROM FIFTY TO ONE HUNDRED LOTS IN ALLEGHENY CITY, FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale, on accomodating terms, from fifty to one hundred lots in Allegheny city, from miles to miles, running back from eighty to one hundred and forty feet, except the corner lots, which vary from one hundred to upwards of two hundred feet front. They are pleasantly situated in the First Ward, on the bank of the Ohio river, comprising the only portion of Allegheny City suitable for a good Steamboat, or ferry landing, and are well calculated for residences, or extensive Manufacturing establishments, or other purposes. The Omnibus from the bridge will run to the Beaver pass the property, daily, the former at short intervals, and Coal can be procured from the upper side of the Ohio, at any season of the year. Manufacturers can obtain the quantity of ground necessary, upon very reasonable terms, and will find it to possess peculiar advantages for such purposes. Plans and further information can be had, and I will find it an excellent location for the erection of dwellings. A plot of ground can be seen and further information obtained by calling upon the subscribers, on the premises.

je 7-tf J. & WM. A. CHARLTON.

TO LET.—A long Room, in the third story, on Market street, between Third and Fourth. The room is well finished and well lighted, with a good entrance from Market street.

oct 20 E. D. GAZZAM.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A